

FMS-350-275-C

Flush Mounted Spider



SPECIFICATIONS | OPERATION | MAINTENANCE | PARTS

TECHNICAL MANUAL № TM-FMS-350-01 MCCOYGLOBAL.COM

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Observance of all descriptions, information and instructions set out in this manual is the full responsibility of the user. This manual is intended for guidance and informational purposes and must be used in association with adequate training and on-the-job supervision to provide safe and effective equipment use.

It is the responsibility of the user to conform to all regulations and requirements issued by an authority or agency which may affect the operation, safety, or equipment integrity, which may overrule the content of this documentation.

The user will acknowledge and obey any general legal or other mandatory regulation in force relating to accident prevention, safety, and equipment integrity.





Summary of Revisions			
Revision	Date	Description of Revision	
0	March 2022	Initial Release.	
1	October 2022	Update to chart on page 25 to update die part numbers and include additional parts created since initial release.	
2	January 2023	Update to chart on page 25 to add overall weight of tool. Add weight range to page 10. Add maximum flow to page 25. Add warning regarding locking rotary table to page 31. Add warning to positively stop the cylinders while changing carriers on page 27. Add FMS Layout drawing.	
3	March 2023	Update to chart on page 25 to add new carrier size Update FMS Layout Drawing. Add information on the rotary adapter accessory Add console GA drawings. Update charts on page 10.	
4	June 2024	Manual rewritten.	



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LOBAL



SECTION 1: INTRODUCTION, SAFETY GUIDELINES & PRODUCT DESCRIPTION



1.0 INTRODUCTION & CONTACT INFORMATION

Congratulations, and thank you for purchasing quality tubular connection equipment from McCoy Global. This unit will provide years of outstanding performance. Proper maintenance and care will extend its life and ensure years of excellent performance and reliability. The installation and commissioning, operating, and maintenance instructions in this manual will assist you in giving your equipment the care it requires. Please read the manual before installing and using your equipment. Replacement parts are readily available from McCoy Global. Should you need replacement parts, or should you experience any difficulty not covered in this manual, please contact:

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https://www.mccoyglobal.com/download/terms-conditions-sales/



GENERAL SAFETY GUIDELINES

AUTHORIZED USE ONLY

READ THIS MANUAL BEFORE USING EQUIPMENT

Only authorized, trained, and competent personnel shall operate, maintain, and repair this equipment.

Fully review this manual and comply with all safety and environmental protection instructions before operating equipment.

Hazard Labels

McCoy Global uses four levels of hazard/notice labels to indicate four levels of importance: Danger, Warning, Caution, and Notice.

DANGER is identified by a hazard symbol combined with the word "**DANGER**" and signifies the highest level of risk. Ignoring information marked with a **DANGER** symbol may result in severe bodily injury or death.

A DANGER

THIS IDENTIFIES AN EXTREME HAZARD OF PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

A WARNING is indicated by a hazard symbol paired with the word **"WARNING**" and denotes items of medium risk. Ignoring information marked with a **WARNING** symbol may result in significant injury to personnel, catastrophic equipment failure, or harmful environmental contamination.

THIS IDENTIFIES A WARNING ABOUT POTENTIAL INJURY OR CATASTROPHIC EQUIPMENT

DAMAGE.

A CAUTION is indicated by a hazard symbol paired with the word "CAUTION" and represents items of low risk. Ignoring information marked with a CAUTION symbol may result in injury to personnel or equipment damage.

THIS IDENTIFIES A CAUTION ABOUT SAFE OPERATION OR THE POTENTIAL FOR EQUIPMENT DAMAGE.

A NOTICE highlights information or items of importance unrelated to personal injury that may assist the user during the installation, commissioning, assembly, or operation of the equipment.

NOTICE

THIS HIGHLIGHTS ITEMS OF IMPORTANCE THAT ARE UNRELATED TO PERSONAL INJURY.



GENERAL SAFE OPERATING GUIDELINES

Only authorized personnel shall operate equipment delivered by McCoy Global. Prior to use, the equipment must be in proper technical condition and used solely for its intended purpose. Any malfunctions or damage must be addressed and rectified before operation to ensure personnel safety and prevent equipment and/or property damage.

Users are accountable for ensuring the safety of all personnel when operating any McCoy Global product. It is recommended that a safety representative conducts a hazard assessment of the work area before starting operations. This representative is tasked with confirming that all operators possess the necessary equipment and have undergone the required safety training. McCoy Global bears no responsibility for injuries, equipment damage, or property damage resulting from the improper use of the equipment.

IT IS CRITICAL FOR THE END USER TO CONDUCT A RISK ASSESSMENT AND MITIGATION PLAN FOR THE ENTIRE INTEGRATED SYSTEM, INCLUDING ALL ASPECTS SUCH AS COMMISSIONING AND OPERATION. PLEASE NOTE THAT THIS MANUAL ONLY CONTAINS INFORMATION RELEVANT TO THE SYSTEM SHOWN.

The area surrounding the equipment operating area must remain free of clutter, tripping hazards, and protruding objects that could snag hoses or cables. Ensure that the operating surface or drill floor remains clear of slipping risks such as grease, oil, and water.

Adequate lighting of the work area is required. All warnings, labels, gauges, and signs must be clearly visible.

Equipment components painted green are deemed safe for continuous handling. Areas painted yellow, along with any other equipment components that rotate, or move are designated as hazardous areas. During operation, contact with those areas must be avoided.





Always wear all personal protective equipment (PPE) specified by established HSE policies and follow all safety guidelines.

Never attempt to clamp to a tubular using incorrectly sized dies. Operators must always use the correct carrier size equipped with the correct dies. Use of incorrectly sized dies poses a hazard to personnel and potentially damage equipment.

Tools should not be clamped onto any tubular without being in either the rotary or the shipping stand.

NEVER ATTEMPT TO CLAMP ONTO TUBULARS WITH INCORRECTLY SIZED DIES.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE EQUIPMENT PLACEMENT AND RIG-UP PROCEDURES OUTLINED IN THIS MANUAL CAN LEAVE EQUIPMENT UNGROUNDED AND AT RISK FOR BUILDING A STATIC CHARGE. BEFORE OPERATING, AN ASSESSMENT FOR PROPER GROUNDING MUST BE CONDUCTED TO MINIMIZE THE RISKS OF SPARKS ASSOCIATED WITH STATIC DISCHARGE.

TOOLS SHOULD NOT BE CLAMPED ON ANY TUBULAR WITHOUT BEING INSTALLED INTO EITHER THE ROTARY TABLE, ADAPTER BUSHING OR SHIPPING STAND.

McCoy Global recommends adhering to recognized industry standards such as OSHA, ASME B30.9-2006, or manufacturer's guidelines when performing any rigging and overhead lifting. The use of this equipment by untrained people is hazardous. Improper use will result in serious injury or death. Do not exceed rated capacity. Slings will fail if damaged, abused, misused, overused, or not properly maintained. Never stand beneath a suspended load.

DANGER

NEVER STAND BENEATH A SUSPENDED LOAD

AREAS OF THIS EQUIPMENT THAT ARE COATED YELLOW ARE HAZARDOUS WHEN THE EQUIPMENT IS ACTIVE. KEEP HANDS CLEAR WHEN EQUIPMENT IS ENERGIZED.



MAINTENANCE SAFETY

All personnel are responsible for performing maintenance tasks that prioritize worker, equipment, and environmental safety. This may involve taking additional precautions that are not identified in this section.

Maintenance of equipment shall only be performed by qualified maintenance personnel. Prior to initiating any maintenance task ensure you have the necessary tools, materials, drawings, and documentation.

To safeguard personnel from inadvertent exposure to a hazard, isolate the maintenance area underway using tape, rope, or signage to clearly indicate an 'off-limits' area.

Where applicable ensure electrical circuits within the affected equipment are deactivated or deenergized by an authorized and qualified person. If necessary, the circuit should be locked out. Do not disconnect a live electrical circuit unless you are certain that the area is free from hazards.

DANGER

DISCONNECT POWER SUPPLY AND RETURN HOSES BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH MAINTENANCE – ALWAYS DISCONNECT SUPPLY FIRST AND CONNECT IT LAST.

WHEN REPAINTING EQUIPMENT, THE PAINT COAT APPLIED SHOULD NEVER EXCEED 2MM IN THICKNESS. EXCESS THICKNESS COULD LEAD TO THE ACCUMULATION OF STATIC CHARGE, INCREASING THE RISK OF SPARKS DUE TO STATIC DISCHARGE.

Replacement Parts

All consumable and replacement parts must meet or surpass OEM specifications to maintain equipment integrity. Do not replace protective equipment such as hydraulic switches, circuit breakers, and fuses without first consulting McCoy Global. Do not replace electrical or control hardware without consulting McCoy Global. The use of non-OEM replacement parts without the approval of McCoy Global could invalidate the equipment warranty.

Environmental Impact

McCoy Global equipment incorporates materials that could be environmentally harmful if not disposed of correctly, such as hydraulic fluid, grease, fuel, electrical components, and more. Ensure that all materials are disposed of in accordance with established environmental protection regulations and in compliance with applicable federal, state, provincial, and local legislation.

The user is fully responsible for adhering to the following:

- All descriptions, information, and instructions are within this manual.
- Any regulation or requirement issued by a relevant authority or agency that pertains to the operation, safety, or integrity of the equipment takes precedence over the content provided in this manual.
- All legal or other mandatory regulations in force governing accident prevention or environmental protection.



PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The Hydraulic Flush Mounted Spider (FMS) is a rotary equipment specifically designed to handle casing, accommodating sizes ranging from 2-3/8" to 13-5/8" using replaceable die carriers. Developed to meet the demand for larger and higher-capacity casing tools, the FMS increases both running efficiency and safety. Depending on the casing size and weight, it is capable of handling casing string weights up to 350 Ton.

An adapter (P/N 1007514) is available to allow the FMS to be used inside of a 37 ½" Rotary Table. See the Appendix section for dimensions and two configurations of the adapter.



Adapter with FMS installed.



PRODUCT DESCRIPTION CONTINUED



Illustration : FMS-350-275 - C Dimensions



PRODUCT DESCRIPTION CONTINUED

The Adapter (P/N 1007514) allows the FMS to be used inside of a 37 ½" Rotary Table, supporting two configurations for National and EMSCO standards. See the Appendix section for dimensions and two configurations of the adapter.







PRODUCT DETAILS

FLUSH MOUNT SPIDER SPECIFICATIONS			
MAXIMUM TENSION RATING	350 TONS	317 TONNES	
MAXIMUM WORKING PRESSURE	2000 PSI	138 BAR	
RECOMMENDED FLOW RATE	34 GPM	128 LPM	
MASS (TOOL ONLY)	2900 LBS	1315 KG	
MASS RANGE (CARRIERS AND GUIDE PLATES INCLUDED)	3050-3700 LBS	1383 - 1678 KG	
TIME TO EXTEND AND RETRACT	6 SECONDS @ 34 GPM		
COMPATIBLE ROTARY TABLE	(TABLE API 27 1/2"		
CASING SIZE RANGE	13.625"	2.375"	

TENSION RATING FOR CARRIERS			
PIPE SIZE (INCHES)	MAX TENSIONS (TONS)		
13.625 - 6.000	350		
*6.000	240/350		
6.000 - 4.500	240		
3.500 - 2.375	100		
*For 6" OD, max values shown are for utilizing carrier part number 1007270. Please note that when carrier part number 1008198 is in use, the maximum load is 240 tons and not to be exceeded.			
MAXIMUM TORQUE AT 2000 PSI WORKING PRESSURE ON A SINGLE JOINT			
PIPE SIZE (INCHES)	TORQUE (FT-LB)		
13.625 - 7.625	50000		
7.563 - 7000	38000		
6.938 - 5.500	30000		
5.438 - 4.500	22000		
4.438 - 3.500	14000		
3.438 - 2.375	3000		
*TORQUE VALUES ARE DETERMINED BY SLIP UPON THE PIPE AND NOT THE LIMITATIONS OF THE TOOL.			



RECOMMENDED LUBRICANT SPECIFICATIONS

Hydraulic Fluid

McCoy Global recommends using high-quality hydraulic fluid that contains rust & oxidation inhibitors, as well as foam suppressant, meeting specific requirements listed below. Operating this equipment using hydraulic fluid that does not meet the requirements significantly accelerates equipment damage due to, but not limited to, premature component wear, premature seal failure, cavitation, and fluid starvation.

OPERATING THIS EQUIPMENT USING HYDRAULIC FLUID THAT DOES NOT MEET THE LISTED REQUIREMENTS GREATLY ACCELERATES EQUIPMENT DAMAGE.

HYDRAULIC FLUID STANDARDS			
CHARACTERISTIC	REQUIREMENT		
MAXIMUM VISCOSITY AT COLD STARTUP	<1000 cST (<4600 SUS)		
OPERATING VISCOSITY RANGE	100 To 16 cST (170 TO 80 SUS)		
MINIMUM VISCOSITY (INTERMITTENT PERIODS ONLY)	10 cST (60 SUS)		
	86° - 140°F (30° - 60°C)		
HYDRAULIC FLUID OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE	MEASURED IN MAIN RESERVOIR		
MAXIMUM FLUID TEMPERATURE	180°f (82°C)		
FLUID CLEANLINESS	FILTERED TO ISO 4406:1999 (18/16/13)		

Hydraulic fluid selection should consider the expected climactic conditions and equipment load. Note that this equipment may have undergone testing using hydraulic fluid that does not exceed the operational requirements outlined in the above table. Therefore, McCoy Global recommends purging and flushing the equipment's hydraulic system before connecting it to a hydraulic supply.

NOTICE

MCCOY GLOBAL RECOMMENDS PURGING AND FLUSHING THE EQUIPMENT'S HYDRAULIC SYSTEM BEFORE CONNECTING TO A HYDRAULIC SUPPLY.



Grease

McCoy Global recommends using the lubrication or grease listed below and thoroughly applying to the equipment before first use, following the lubrication instructions outlined in the Maintenance Section. Using alternative lubricants can compromise performance and accelerate wear on critical components, thereby reducing the lifespan of the parts and/or effectiveness of the tool.

Area	Product	
Area	Lubrication, Grease, Loctite	
Slips and Corner blocks Taper Surfaces (-20C – 60C)	NLGI No. 3 Lithium equivalent	
Bolts and Set Screw Threads	Loctite 76764 (McCoy P/N: 700093)	
Pins, latch mechanism, grease fittings	NLGI No. 2 Lithium equivalent	
Die Carrier Slots and between the dies	CRC 3-36 Multi-Purpose Lubricant & Corrosion Inhibitor	



INSTALLATION AND COMMISSIONING RECEIPT, INSPECTION, AND HANDLING OF EQUIPMENT

EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE INSPECTED FOR SHIPPING DAMAGE UPON RECEIPT AND TESTED BEFORE BEING RELEASING TO AN OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENT.

Upon receipt, inspect packaging materials for shipping damage. Record all shipping damage on the shipping manifest and immediately notify both the shipping company and McCoy Global.

Next, remove all protective shipping materials and perform a visual inspection of the equipment. If any damage is detected, ensure repairs are completed before connecting the equipment to a hydraulic power source.

McCoy Global recommends connecting the equipment to a hydraulic power source and testing complete functionality in a controlled environment before releasing it to an operational environment.

MCCOY GLOBAL RECOMMENDS TESTING EQUIPMENT BEFORE RELEASING TO AN OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENT.

This equipment may have been factory tested using hydraulic fluid that does not meet operational requirements of the end user. Variances in ambient temperature could affect factory adjusted components. McCoy Global recommends purging and flushing the hydraulic system before connecting to third-party hydraulic power units.

Perform the following steps as a general functionality test:

- 1. Perform a complete lubrication of the equipment.
- 2. Confirm the spring latch carrier retainer mechanism operates correctly.
- 3. Perform a complete functional test of the equipment.



SLING / LOAD BEARING DEVICE SAFETY

L DANGER

A "LOAD-BEARING DEVICE" IS A WIRE SLING, SPREADER BAR ASSEMBLY, FRAME, OR ANY OTHER DEVICE THAT BEARS THE PARTIAL OR TOTAL WEIGHT OF THE EQUIPMENT FOR WHICH THIS MANUAL HAS BEEN PRODUCED.

THE LOAD-BEARING DEVICE SUPPLIED BY MCCOY GLOBAL IS DESIGNED TO SUPPORT THE EQUIPMENT DESCRIBED IN THIS MANUAL. MCCOY GLOBAL DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE ABILITY OF THE LOAD BEARING DEVICE TO SUPPORT ANY OTHER PART, ASSEMBLY OR COMBINATION OF PARTS AND ASSEMBLIES. ALSO, MCCOY GLOBAL DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE ABILITY OF THE LOAD-BEARING DEVICE TO LIFT OR SUPPORT THE EQUIPMENT DESCRIBED IN THIS MANUAL IF THERE ARE ANY MODIFICATIONS TO THE LOAD-BEARING DEVICE, OR ANY ADDITIONS TO THE EQUIPMENT DESCRIBED IN THIS MANUAL THAT ADD WEIGHT TO THE EQUIPMENT, UNLESS SUPPLIED BY MCCOY GLOBAL.

WHEN RE-ASSEMBLING LOAD-BEARING DEVICES SUCH AS WIRE SLINGS, SPREADER BAR ASSEMBLIES, FRAMES, ETC., THE ASSOCIATED FASTENERS MUST BE TIGHTENED TO THE CORRECT TORQUE SPECIFIED FOR THAT SIZE OF FASTENER (SEE MAINTENANCE SECTION). FOR ANY THREADED FASTENER WITHIN A LOAD-BEARING DEVICE MUST BE SECURED WITH RED OR BLUE LOCTITE[™].

REPLACEMENT FASTENERS INCLUDING BOLTS, NUTS, CAP SCREWS, MACHINE SCREWS, ETC. USED DURING MAINTENANCE OR OVERHAUL MUST BE GRADE 8 OR EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

McCoy Global recommends following recognized industry standards such as OSHA, ASME B30.9-2006, or the manufacturer's guidelines when performing any rigging and overhead lifting. Use by untrained persons in these operations is hazardous and poses significant risks, including the potential for serious injury or death. Do not exceed rated capacity of the equipment. Slings will fail if damaged, abused, misused, overused, or inadequately maintained.

- Use only appropriately rated chains for overhead lifting applications.
- Working Load Limit (WLL) is the maximum allowable load in pounds or kilograms that can be applied to the load-bearing device. This limit is applicable when the device is new or in "as new" condition, and when the load is uniformly and directly applied. The WLL must never be exceeded.
- The Working Load Limit or Design factor may be affected by wear, misuse, overloading, corrosion, deformation, intentional modifications, sharp corner cutting actions, and other use conditions.
- Shock loading and extraordinary conditions must be considered when selecting alloy chain slings.



For further information and related safety guidelines, please refer to the following resources:

- OSHA Regulation for Slings: 1910.184
- ANSI/ASME B30.9: "Slings"
- ANSI/ASME B30.10: "Hooks"
- ANSI/ASME B30.26: "Rigging Hardware"

Inspection of Load-Bearing Devices and Structures

- 1. Initial Inspection: Prior to initial use, a qualified person shall conduct a thorough inspection of new load-bearing devices and attachments. Each component shall be examined individually, ensuring to expose and examine all surfaces including the inner link surface.
- 2. Daily inspection: A qualified person of fastenings and attachments shall be performed by a designated person. If any damage or defects are detected at either inspection, the damaged or defective component shall be quarantined from service. It should remain out of service until it undergoes proper repair or replacement.

A load-bearing device shall be removed from service if any of the following conditions are observed:

- Presence of cracks or breaks.
- Visible evidence of tampering, such as missing tamper-proof nuts.
- Signs of impact on load-bearing components, including but limited to spreader bars, lifting lugs, rigid slings & their weldments, and legs & leg mounts.
- Broken or damaged welds.
- Excessive wear, nicks, or gouges.
- Excessive pitting of the components due to rust and/or corrosion.

Inspect all lugs and fixing points for signs of elongation and/or bending, or for material build-up around the holes. Repair or replace components that appear distorted. Confirm that all hardware is securely tightened and is in good condition. If any hardware is missing, promptly replace it. All hardware must be free of rust and corrosion.

Additional inspections shall be performed where service conditions warrant, such as a maritime environment.

Periodic inspection intervals shall not exceed one year. The frequency of periodic inspections should be based on:

- The frequency of use of the load-bearing device.
- Severity of service conditions.
- In sights gained from the service life of load-bearing devices used in similar circumstances.

General inspection interval guidelines:

- Normal Service: Conduct inspections on an annual basis.
- Severe Service Inspections should occur monthly to quarterly.
- Special Service Inspections as recommended by a qualified person.



McCoy Global advises all users of lifting or load-bearing assemblies to establish inspection criteria or adopt a relevant inspection standard assigned to a competent inspection body. NDE should be performed per ASTM E165 and ASTM E709 standards. After conducting Magnetic Particle Inspection, ensure that all parts are free of metal shavings. McCoy Global recommends an inspection schedule similar to the one outlined in the following table.

TIME / INTERVAL	PROOF LOAD TEST(s)	NON-DESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) OF LIFTING POINTS	THROUGH VISUAL EXAMINATION
Initial certification by McCoy Global	YES	YES	YES
Interval not exceeding 6 months	NO	At discretion of inspection body	YES
Interval not exceeding 12 months	NO	YES	YES
Interval not exceeding 24 months	YES	YES	YES
Following substantial repair or alteration	YES	YES	YES

1. Load Testing Procedures:

• Load tests should align with the inspection criteria established by the end user. McCoy Global performs the initial load test at 1.5 times the rated load. This value is recommended following a substantial repair. A subsequent load test at 1 times the rated load is recommended by McCoy Global every two years.

2. Definition of Substantial Repair or Modification:

• For the context of this standard, a substantial repair or modification is defined as any repair and/or modification that, in regard to the inspection body, could impact the load-bearing elements of the container or lifting device, or any elements that contribute directly to its structural integrity.

IF THE LOAD-BEARING DEVICE HAS BEEN MECHANICALLY DAMAGED OR OVERLOADED, IT MUST BE IMMEDIATELY REMOVED FROM SERVICE AND QUARANTINED UNTIL IT HAS BEEN RECERTIFIED.

Record the inspection dates and results in a visible location, including a description of the condition of the loadbearing equipment. To prevent confusion, only list the most recent inspection date, do not list the date of the next test or examination.

DANGER

THIS INFORMATION SERVES AS A GENERAL GUIDELINE ONLY. THE DETERMINATION OF SITE-SPECIFIC INSPECTION FREQUENCY AND METHODOLOGY IS ULTIMATELY THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE END USER.



Proper Use of Load-Bearing Devices

When utilizing any load-bearing device, adhere to the following practices:

- 1. Do not use Load-bearing devices that are damaged or defective.
- 2. Slings shall not be shortened with knots or bolts or other makeshift devices.
- 3. Ensure Sling legs are not kinked.
- 4. Never exceed the rated capacities of load-bearing devices.
- 5. Confirm Slings are securely attached to their load.
- 6. Protect load-bearing devices from snagging and avoid further obstruction by objects. object.
- 7. Keep suspended loads clear of any obstructions.
- 8. Ensure all employees remain clear of loads about to be lifted and of suspended loads.
- 9. Avoid placing hands or fingers between the sling and its load while tightening around the load.
- 10. Shock loading is prohibited.
- 11. Never stand directly under a load while lifting.

Storage Of Load-Bearing Devices

Ensuring the proper storage of out-of-service load bearing devices is important for preserving the full integrity of the device once it is returned to service. McCoy Global recommends observing the following practices:

- Degreasing: Remove all excess grease from the device's external surfaces using solventbased cleaners on rags to wipe all external surfaces to remove residual grease or hydraulic fluid. After degreasing, wipe all external surfaces with clean water to remove residual solvent.
- Anti-Corrosion Treatment: McCoy Global recommends applying an anti-corrosive agent, such as Tectyl[®] 506, to all external surfaces of the device. Refer to manufacturer data sheets for proper application and safety information. Allow the anti-corrosive coating ample time to dry; refer to manufacturer data sheets for drying times at room temperature.
- **Storage:** Store the device in a clean and dry environment. Prior to the device returning to service, a full inspection of the device must be performed.



FMS LIFTING ACCESSORIES

The FMS comes equipped with four swivel hoist rings. These can be used to help lift the unit out of the rotary table by installing them into the corner blocks.

Additionally, The FMS includes a lifting basket, P/N 605227, and a spreader bar assembly, P/N 605327, used for transporting the FMS.

See Appendix section for additional information.

FMS LIFTING PROCEDURE

When lifting the FMS, use the Crosby swivel hoist rings installed on the corner blocks of the Unit. Do not use the threaded holes in the top plate to lift the entire FMS unit. These threaded holes are intended solely for the manual release of the tool from the pipe.



DO NOT LIFT FMS USING THREADED HOLES IN TOP PLATES.



GENERAL HPU/CONSOLE REQUIREMENTS (Supplied by Customer)

- 1. Pressure: Maximum 2000 PSI
- 2. Flow: The FMS requires 35 GPM to achieve a 6-second cycle time.
- 3. **Independent Pressure Adjustment:** Pressure in both directions shall be independently adjusted.
- 4. **Pressure Bleed-off:** If the elevators and pipes are lowered onto the top plate of the FMS, the system needs to quickly bleed off the pressure building on the bore side of the cylinders that would build on the bore side for the cylinders being forcibly retracted by external forces. Bleed off flow rate at 34 GPM.
- 5. **Safety Mechanism:** The control panel must incorporate a safety mechanism preventing accidental opening of the slips. This can include options like a two-hand operational release or a dual-function lever.
- 6. **Float Position:** The joystick must include three distinct positions: Set, Neutral, and Unset. Please refer to the work instructions for specific operations.
- 7. **Set Position:** Implement a detent lever that will maintain the adjusted pressure between 500-2000 psi.
- 8. Lower Extension Pressure: The lower extension pressure and regen circuit is used to prevent accidental slip opening by limiting upward force. You will need to reduce the extension force with the given pressure.
- 9. **Operations:** See Control Panel Operations Instructions.



HYDRAULIC DETAILS

FMS SCHEMATIC



ITEM	QTY	P/N	DESCRIPTION
1	1	1006086	WELDMENT, CYLINDER, LEFT, 4 BORE X 2 ROD X 15.348 STROKE
2	1	1006073	WELDMENT, CYLINDER, RIGHT, 4 BORE X 2 ROD X 15.348 STROKE
3	2	1006262	FITTING, QUICK DISCONNECT, STAINLESS STEEL, STUCCHI 802404115
4	2	1006261	FITTING, QUICK DISCONNECT, STAINLESS STEEL, STUCCHI 802404114



MAIN HYDRAULIC CONNECTIONS

- For cylinder extension, use ³/₄ SAE female stainless steel connectors.
- For cylinder retraction, use ³/₄ SAE male stainless steel connectors.

Before making any hydraulic connections, Inspect all connectors for potential damage, debris, or contaminants. Clean the connectors using compressed air, or an approved cleaning solvent with a lint-free cloth.

Always cover disconnected fittings with a clean brass or plastic dust cap, typically attached to each connector with a lightweight chain or flexible line. These caps provide significant protection from dust, dirt, other contaminants, and impact damage.





HYDRAULIC SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

Poor hydraulic fluid maintenance is a leading cause of hydraulic equipment failure. Contaminants are introduced to the hydraulic system through several sources including dirty hydraulic connections, dirty hydraulic cylinder rods, and through the wear of internal components. Failure to remove contaminants through the use of a maintained filtration system will contribute to rapid wear of system components. McCoy recommends protecting equipment by filtering to ISO 4406:1999 standards.

Premature fouling of particulate filters within the prime mover or ancillary hydraulic power unit indicates a high level of contaminants and requires immediate hydraulic fluid laboratory analysis to identify the contaminants. High levels of wear metals in the fluid may be symptomatic of impending failure of a component in the hydraulic system. Early identification of the potential failure enables the user to schedule preventive repairs, preventing costly breakdown maintenance.

Fluid that has been repeatedly and consistently overheated will provide much poorer response and overall performance than fluid in a temperature-managed hydraulic system. McCoy



recommends the use of hydraulic heaters and/or coolers to maintain the fluid temperature within the operating temperature range specified in the Product Description Section. Maintaining adequate fluid level in the hydraulic reservoir helps dissipate heat in the hydraulic system. Fluid repeatedly heated to high temperatures (above 80°C) is subject to rapid depletion of the additives that prevent oxidation and water emulsification, leading to the build-up of sludge, gum, and varnish. These contaminants will build up on internal surfaces of the hydraulic system causing "sticky" operation or clogging orifices and small passages. Water entrained in the fluid will react with components in the hydraulic system to produce rust and increase the rate of oxidation of the fluid.

Schedule hydraulic fluid analysis regularly as part of a preventive maintenance routine. Test particulate content using a portable fluid analysis kit and compare the fluid sample to new hydraulic fluid. Fluid that is discolored or has a strong odor should be sent to a qualified laboratory for detailed analysis. Hydraulic fluid that is no longer capable of operating within the parameters specified by this manual must be replaced in conjunction with a complete hydraulic system flush.

Fluid that is unused for a long period of time should be tested before circulating through the hydraulic system. Hydraulic systems operated in environments experiencing extreme temperature variances are susceptible to condensation within the oil reservoir. Over a period of time, the condensation will accumulate in the bottom of the reservoir. This condensation should be drawn off as required or at six-month intervals.

A CLEARLY IDENTIFIABLE EMERGENCY STOP FOR THE REMOTE POWER PACK MUST BE INSTALLED IN THE IMMEDIATE VICINITY OF THE OPERATOR.

Inspect all connections upon activation of the power unit. Leaking components must be repaired before releasing the FMS to the operational environment. Prior to disconnecting the main hydraulic connections, deactivate the power unit and de-pressurize the hydraulic system. Disconnect the main hydraulic connections and inspect all four connectors: two male and two female for signs of damage or debris. If the connectors cannot be cleaned or easily repaired, McCoy Global recommends replacing any leaking connector. Note: Damage to one connector may also affect its corresponding mate.

Under standard operational conditions, always turn off the power unit and de-pressurize the hydraulic system before disconnecting the main hydraulic lines. McCoy Global recommends covering exposed connectors with protective caps to protect them from water and impact damage.

ALWAYS TURN OFF HYDRAULIC POWER AND DE-PRESSURIZE THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM BEFORE DISCONNECTING THE MAIN HYDRAULIC LINES.



FMS AIR OVER HYDRAULIC CONSOLE 1007792

See the Appendix Section for the data sheet.





CONSOLE, HYDRAULIC, FMS 1007798

See the Appendix Section for the data sheet.











SECTION 2: MAINTENANCE, LUBRICATION, INSPECTION GUIDELINES AND CRITERIA



MAINTENANCE

McCoy Global recognizes that minor on-site repairs and modifications are required to maintain peak operating condition of this equipment, or to reconfigure the equipment to suit the operating environment. Examples of minor repairs include:

- Replacement of damaged hoses, cables, and fittings
- Replacement of fasteners

Any replacement component must be an identical component supplied by McCoy Global. Fasteners must be Grade 8 or equivalent, unless otherwise specified by McCoy Global. All repairs must be performed by authorized, skilled personnel. Any attempt to make unauthorized repairs to equipment beyond the minor repairs described above exposes personnel to potential hazards and may cause catastrophic equipment failure. Contact McCoy Global if any question about the nature of repairs arises.

DANGER

UNAUTHORIZED REPAIRS TO EQUIPMENT EXPOSES PERSONNEL TO POTENTIAL HAZARDS AND MAY CAUSE CATASTROPHIC EQUIPMENT FAILURE.

By nature, steel machinery with rotating and moving parts have the potential to generate ignition sources, i.e., sparks. As outlined in this manual, scheduled maintenance, lubrication, timely replacement of worn components and most importantly, on-site risk assessments with stringent standard operating procedures are all required to prevent the potential of spark generation.

USE THE MAINTENANCE INFORMATION IN THIS MANUAL TO DEVELOP AND IMPLEMENT PROCEDURES TO HELP ELIMINATE SPARK GENERATION.

GENERAL MAINTENANCE SAFETY PRACTICES

The practices identified here are intended as a guideline. All personnel are responsible for performing their tasks in a manner that ensures worker, equipment, and environmental safety, and may require taking additional steps that are not identified in this section.

Equipment maintenance shall be performed only by designated qualified maintenance. personnel. Wear approved eyewear and footwear and follow all safety guidelines. Do not begin a maintenance task without the proper tools or materials on hand, or the proper drawings and documentation necessary.

Schedule planned maintenance with operators to avoid conflicts, unnecessary downtime, and the danger of accidental equipment activation. Notify operations when maintenance procedures are complete and equipment functionality is restored.



Isolate the location of the maintenance under way to prevent unaware personnel from inadvertently exposing themselves to a hazard. Use tape, rope, or signage to clearly indicate "off limits" area.

Replacement of large, heavy individual parts and/or heavy structural components must be performed using an approved lifting device of sufficient lifting capacity. Use care when attaching the lifting device. Safeguard area to avoid endangering personnel or equipment.

All spare parts must meet or exceed OEM specifications in order to maintain equipment integrity, especially protective equipment.

Ensure equipment is isolated from hydraulic power before commencing maintenance operations.

This equipment uses materials that may be harmful to the environment if improperly disposed of (hydraulic fluid, grease, etc.). Dispose of all materials according to environmental protection regulations.

CLEANING

After every usage, internal/external parts of the tool and slips need to be power washed with water. McCoy Global recommends that the equipment be periodically partially disassembled so that internal components can be properly cleaned.

CLEAN PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE PRACTICES

Regular maintenance programs must be established to assure safe, dependable operation of this equipment and to avoid costly repairs. The following maintenance procedures provide information required to properly maintain your equipment. This equipment may require more or less maintenance depending upon the frequency of use and the operational field conditions.

These maintenance procedures are designed for equipment operating at normal operating temperatures for 10 hours per day. McCoy Global recommends that the inspection and maintenance procedures in this section be performed as recommended in the maintenance checklists, or in conjunction with a qualified technician's best estimates of when this equipment is due for this maintenance.

McCoy Global recommends tracking all maintenance activity including the lubrication schedule and replacement of hoses or cables. A maintenance log is a valuable tool that can be used for easily retrieving maintenance history or identifying trends that require correction.

Tool documentation should be kept by the user and updated as the tool components are changed out on the tools. It is recommended to establish a serial or asset number to tie all documentation to. The serial or asset number will contain all the individual parts and serial numbers. The documentation is the responsibility of the user and should be checked prior to the job in the event documentation needs to be provided prior to rigging up.


MAINTENANCE CHECKLISTS

The following maintenance checklists are intended as a guideline rather than a definitive maintenance schedule. More or less maintenance may be required depending upon the frequency of use and the field conditions under which the equipment operates.

Category I (Per Use Inspection)

McCoy recommends the following inspection as Category I Inspection which is to be performed during the job.

- 1. \Box Check latch mechanism for functionality.
- 2. \Box Check that the correct sizes of insert carriers, inserts, and top guides are installed.
- 3. \Box Check that the insert carriers and top guides are installed correctly.
- 4. \Box Grease the back of the slips.





Category II (Post Use Inspection)

McCoy recommends that the following inspection and maintenance procedures be performed before and after each job, and at least once per day when the FMS is in steady use. The following procedures are to be performed in addition to Category I.

- 1. U Wash and remove any excess dirt and grease.
- 2.
 Extend cylinders fully. Check back of slip for wear. Please note that the back of the slip has two grooves in it that are the maximum allowable wear depth. When these slots are no longer present, it is time to replace the slips.
- 3.
 ☐ Inspect all QDs and hydraulic fittings.
- 4. □ Check dies and carriers for wear. Replace dies if there are broken or have flat teeth. Replace carriers if the rear lugs and/or die slots appear damaged.
- 5. \Box Check cylinder rods for wear.
- 6. Check hoses inside of the tool for wear.
- 7. □ Check for proper locking of all bolts and nuts, slotted nuts & cotter pins, lock wire, and retaining pins.
- 8.
 □ Inspect linkage pins for wear.





Category III (Biannual Inspection)

McCoy Global recommends that the following inspection and maintenance procedures be performed every six months under normal operating conditions in addition to all Category I & II actions.

A. (6) Month Inspection

- 1. \Box Visually Inspect External weld of both cylinders.
- 2. □ Visually inspect carrier mid load plates and bottom of carrier die slot for deformation.
- 3. \Box Activate cylinders and monitor hydraulic seals and replace any that are damaged.
- 4. □ Visually Inspect linkage pins, linkage, and latch housing for wear according to the wear limits that proceed to Appendix section. (Pages 90-95)
- 5.
 Visually Inspect top plates, corner block, slip, carrier, and load plates for wear according to the wear limits that proceed to Appendix section. (Pages 90-95)
- 6. □ Visually Inspect all guide plates that have been used in the past six months for wear according to the wear limits that proceed to Appendix section. (Pages 90-95)

B. Yearly Inspection

McCoy Global recommends that the following inspection and maintenance procedures be performed when the tool is disassembled, every year under normal operating conditions in addition to all Category I, II, III actions. NDE load bearing components per the critical area drawings in this manual for the following parts. See Appendix Section for reference.

- 1. \Box Inspect External weld of both cylinders.
- 2.
 Usually inspect carrier mid load plates and bottom of carrier die slot for deformation.
- 3. \Box Activate cylinders and monitor hydraulic seals and replace any that are damaged.
- 4. □ Inspect linkage pins, linkage, and latch housing for wear according to the wear limits that proceed to Appendix section. (Pages 90-95)
- 5. □ Inspect top plates, corner block, slip, carrier, and load plates for wear according to the wear limits that proceed to Appendix section. (Pages 90-95)
- 6. □ Inspect all guide plates that have been used in the past six months for wear according to the wear limits that proceed to Appendix section. (Pages 90-95)



Category IV (Load Testing, frequency - yearly)

McCoy Global recommends that the following inspection and maintenance procedures be performed every two years under normal operating conditions in addition to all Category I, II, & III actions.

- 3.
 NDE load bearing components per the critical area drawings in this manual for the following parts. See Appendix Section for reference.

 - b. 🗆 Slips.
 - c. \Box All carriers used in the past 2 years.
 - d. \Box All carrier load plates used in the past 2 years.









LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Use a quality multipurpose bearing lubricant that will remain within its viscosity range at expected operating temperatures. In addition, McCoy recommends the following lubrication procedure at the completion of each job prior to storage.

- Apply grease to the (3) highlighted locations for every slip assembly every 125 cycles.
- Grease all hinge pins and linkage pins (P/N 1006010) after every job.
- Please reference chart on page 20 for type of grease recommended for components.



Grease Fittings

• Apply grease to the (2) highlighted pivot locations.





LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS CONTINUED

- Prior to assembly, apply grease to the (4) slips in the highlighted locations for each slip assembly.
- The slips require manual greasing on the rear of the slips every 125 cycles.
- Please reference chart on page 20 for type of grease recommended for components.











SECTION 3: SAFE WORK PROCEDURES



OPERATION

Operator Safety

McCoy Global recommends conducting a hazard assessment of the work area by a designated safety representative before initiating operations. This representative is responsible for verifying that all operators have adequate equipment and safety training. Adequate lighting of the work area is required. All warnings, labels, gauges, and signs must be clearly visible to operators.

Areas painted yellow indicate hazardous zones. Operators must avoid contact with these areas during operations. Always wear all required personal protective equipment (PPE) specified in established HSE guidelines.

ALWAYS WEAR APPROVED AND REQUIRED PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) WHEN OPERATING HYDRAULICALLY POWERED EQUIPMENT.

Ensure hydraulic power is deactivated and hydraulics are de-pressurized before disconnecting the main hydraulic lines. McCoy recommends depressurizing the FMS hydraulic system before connecting or disconnecting quick-connect fittings.

WARNING

DEPRESSURIZE EQUIPMENT BEFORE DISCONNECTING MAIN HYDRAULIC LINES.

PRE- JOB MEASURE UP & PLANNING.

- API Rotary Table. EMSCO and National 37.5" rotary tables with the use of the McCoy Rotary Adapter P/N 1007514.
- FMS Control Panel Position

PRE-JOB EQUIPMENT CHECK

- Confirm Connection torque data.
- Confirm Tubular OD

LOADING THE FMS PACKAGE

- 1. Secure the FMS to the cradle using securement pins, this is so that when it is hoisted using either the crane or the forklift it cannot move or fall out.
- If using an overhead crane or other method that requires a sling, ensure that the FMS/Adapter/ Control Panel are hoisted evenly so that it does not slide or tilt during the lift. Using a forklift to hoist it ensures that the forks are level or lilted back.



- 3. Hoist the FMS / Adapter / Control Panel using the crane or forklift and place it in the appropriate position on the truck.
- 4. Stand clear of the tool being hoisted before and ensure not to place yourself or anyone else under a suspended load.
- 5. Secure all items.
- 6. Load all the other accessories needed for the job and secure to the transportation vehicle.

ALWAYS ENSURE THE LOAD IS SECURELY STRAPPED DOWN AND CANNOT MOVE. IN THE EVENT OF AN ACCIDENT ANY TOOLS IN THE BACK OF YOUR VEHICLE UNSECURED CAN BECOME A PROJECTILE.

7. Complete the pre job load out sheet to ensure that each item is loaded and accounted for.

ARRIVAL TO LOCATION

Discuss FMS / Adapter / Control Panel & operation with onsite representative as needed.

- Casing Stencil, weight, grade, and connection check
- Torque data to be cross checked by rep.
- Confirm Table configuration FMS.
- Communicate with rig personnel on operations and specification needs.

Order:

- **Control Panel**
- FMS
- Adapter Bushing (if necessary)
- Hoses

FOR ITEMS IN CRADLES, REMOVE THEM AND LEAVE THEM ON THE TRUCK OR SET THEM BESIDE THE CATWALK PRIOR TO LIFTING THEM AND SETTING THEM ON THE CATWALK TO BE HOISTED TO THE RIG FLOOR.

1. Keep your hands clear of all pinch points while the equipment operator is getting the equipment into position to make the lift.



GIVE CLEAR AND CONCISE DIRECTIONS AND DO NOT "TRY AND FIX SOMETHING" WITH THE LIFTING EQUIPMENT AS THE LIFT IS IN PROGRESS. STOP THE OPERATOR, FIX THE ERROR, AND CONTINUE THE LIFT.

2. Use a tagline to keep the tool from swinging or spinning and never place yourself under a suspended load.

ENSURE THE SLING IS SECURE ON THE FORK OF THE VEHICLE BEING USED TO MOVE EACH COMPONENT OF THE SMARTR FROM THE TRUCK TO THE CATWALK. IF A STINGER WITH A SAFETY HOOK IS AVAILABLE USE IT AS IT IS THE SAFEST METHOD.

- 3. Ensure the area on the catwalk you are setting each component is free of other items and ensure the set each component gently.
- 4. Set the tool on the catwalk and connect the slings to the floor tugger to be hoisted in the order outlined.

RIGGING-UP THE FMS

- 1. Complete a Pre-Job Safety Meeting (PJSM) and review the Job Safety Analysis (JSA) documents to ensure that everyone knows the steps that need to be taken to complete the task safely.
- 2. Order of lift operations:
 - Control Panel
 - Place the Control Panel so that you are out of the view of the driller, out of the line of fire and so that the normal casing operation can commence around you.
 - FMS (optional Adapter Bushing)
 - Ensure they do not contact anything on the way up the v door.
 - > Connect all hoses in preparation for pressure.
 - Hoses
 - Route the hoses so that they are not a tripping hazard and out of the line of fire, should something be dropped.
- 3. Remove the table bushings (27.5") or master bushings (37.5")
- 4. For a 37.5" opening hoist the Adapter Bushing (ensuring the correct adapter ears are installed) and install into the rotary table.
- 5. For a 27.5" opening, or after installing the Adapter Bushing, hoist the FMS and install into the rotary table.



FOR ALL LIFTS CLEAR THE SWING PATH ON THE RIG FLOOR AND THE CATWALK IN CASE SOMETHING GOES WRONG, AND THE TOOL IS DROPPED OR SWINGS ONTO THE RIG FLOOR ONCE THE TOOL REACHES THE TOP OF THE V-DOOR.

ALWAYS LEAVE THE ITEM BEING LIFTED AS CLOSE TO THE FLOOR AS POSSIBLE. THIS WILL ALLOW IT TO DRAG ALONG THE FLOOR INSTEAD OF SWINGING IN.

- 6. Connect hydraulic hoses.
- Lift HPU hoses to the rig floor and connect them to the Control Panel If using a Power Tong, connect hoses and Power Tong now.
- 8. Start the HPU and apply pressure to the system.
- 9. Function test FMS (Power Tong as well)
 - Unset FMS
 - Float FMS
 - Set FMS
 - Confirm all pressures
- 10. Ensure the FMS is in the unset position and lower the tubular through.
- 11. Set the FMS when the tubular is at the desired stump height.
- 12. Normal running operations can now be carried out.

SETTING CONNECTION MAKE-UP TORQUE WITH THE FMS

The FMS can be used from Joint #1 to carry out normal torquing capabilities on the tubular OD. Consult the Manual for specific restriction via tubular OD (torque values per size).

MAKING UP CONNECTIONS WITH THE FMS

 Complete a Pre-Job Safety Meeting (PJSM) and review the Job / Hazard Safety Analysis (JSA / HSA) documents to ensure that everyone knows the steps that need to be taken to complete the task safely.



- 2. Latch the elevators (ensure safety latch or pin is activated) on casing joint in the V-Door (whether they are SJE's and slings or bails and conventional elevators). Watch hand and body placement and keep them clear of all pinch points.
- 3. Hoist the joint off of the V door, into the derrick (using a hold back rope if necessary for larger or heavier pipe).
- 4. Remove the thread protector and wait for the driller to link in the bails.

WHEN REMOVING THE PROTECTOR KEEP YOUR HANDS, FEET, AND BODY OUT FROM UNDER THE TUBULAR BECAUSE IT IS NOW A SUSPENDED LOAD.

- 5. Lower the tubular to the rig floor and install the float shoe & thread locking compound.
- 6. Once secure, clear the floor and open the FMS using the Control Panel.

THE FMS LEVELING BEAMS RAISE WHEN OPENING, SO ENSURE NOT TO OPEN THEM INTO THE FLOAT SHOE ASSEMBLY AS THIS COULD DAMAGE BOTH ITEMS.

- 7. Set the FMS by using the procedures outlined in the Control Panel manual.
- 8. Applying Torque and make-up connection.
- 9. Confirm connection is properly made-up and float the slips.
- 10. Unset the FMS by using the procedures outlined in the Control Panel manual.

THE HANDLE MUST REMAIN IN SET AT ALL TIMES, OR THE SYSTEM WILL BUILD HEAT.

11. Lower the tubular to the desired stump height and using visual communication with the driller set the slips as he slows to a stop.

FOR ANY ELONGATED CIRCULATING TIME, USE THE MANUAL VENT VALVE ON THE TOP OF THE CONTROL PANEL TO VENT THE SYSTEM TO THE POWER TONG. YOU WILL HAVE TO CLOSE THIS TO RESUME NORMAL OPERATION.

12. Release the Elevators once the slack off and Repeat steps 2-11.











SECTION 4: DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURES AND ASSEMBLY PROCEDURES



CARRIER INSTALLATION & REMOVAL



Guide plates and die carrier assemblies for reference.



Manual No. TM-FMS-350-01 Page 54 A Base Stand (P/N 1008038) is available to facilitate in the disassembly and assembly processes. The advantages of using the base stand include:

- Minimizing safety risks.
- Providing a consistent, secure, and stable workspace.
- Reduce disassembly and assembly times.



Base Stand with FMS assembled.

Please note: The die carrier assembly must be removed prior to using the base stand.

*Additional accessories can be found in the Appendix.



CARRIER REMOVAL

WHEN HANDLING DIES/CARRIERS, BE AWARE THAT THEY MAY PRODUCE METAL SLIVERS. ALWAYS WEAR STURDY WORK GLOVES FOR PROTECTION.

1. Extend the cylinders to fully open the slips.





2. Pull the top plate latch pin (P/N 700049) and spread open the tool to remove the guide plates and carrier die assembly.





3. Remove the (8) 1/2-13, 1-1/2" Hex Screws (P/N 1112) and guide plates (P/N 1006227) from the top plates of the tool.





- 4. Remove the quick release pin (P/N 1006229).
- 5. Insert the lifting eye bolt into the 5/8" -11 tapped hole on top of the carrier. Then secure it with a lifting strap.



6. Depress the latch (P/N 1006008) to release the carrier.





USE A TOOL SUCH AS A BAR TO DEPRESS THE LATCH. DO NOT USE HANDS OR FINGERS, AS THIS IS A PINCH POINT.



- 7. Hoist the carrier upward to lift out of the corner bowl pockets & pull the carrier forward free from the corner bowl pocket.
- 8. Move the carriers aside to proceed with changing/disassembling the dies.
- 9. Repeat steps 4-8 to remove the remaining carriers.





DIE CHANGE / DISASSEMBLY

1. With the carriers removed from the FMS, remove the die retainer bolt screws (P/N1040-A), at the top of each die column, Socket head cap, 3/8 - 16, 3/4" lg. steel.





2. Remove the (2) socket head cap screws (P/N 1040-A), 3/8 – 16, 3/4" long, steel to detach the load carrier plate (P/N 1006178).



3. Remove dies from carrier. If necessary, gently tap the worn dies from the bottom using a brass / low impact hammer and a similar bar to remove them.

WARNING

CLEAN UP ANY SHARP, FLATTENED OR DAMAGED EDGES TO REMOVE THE DIES. ENSURE THAT IF ANY DAMAGE OCCURS WHILE REMOVING DIES, IT MUST BE REPAIRED BEFORE REASSEMBLY.



FMS DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTION

Preparation steps prior to continuing disassembly:

- 1. Choose an area that is relatively clean, free of any slip/trip/fall hazards, and have access to an overhead crane capable of lifting the FMS.
- 2. The area will also need pallets or a large worktable for storing the FMS components. Inspect all rigging, fasteners, and flat bars for signs of compromised integrity.
- 3. The disassembly process and sequence may vary depending on whether the Assembly Base Stand (P/N 10008038) is being used or not.
- 4. Always verify all components secure and supported during disassembly.
- 5. Ensure there is no trapped hydraulic pressure in the system.

FMS disassembly steps:

4. Close tool and reinsert the latch pin (P/N 700049) before continuing with disassembly.





5. Remove the (4) upper pins and castle nuts (P/N 1006010 & 1006226) from the top of the linkages.







4. Remove the (2) 3/8-16, 1.500" LG set screws (P/N 1007182) from the left and right top plates.



5. Remove the (2) cylinder nuts (P/N 1006193) from both top plates using the 2-1/2" square drive socket (P/N 1006424), provided with the FMS kit.





6. Fully thread the (4) swivel hoist rings into the 5/8" holes on the top plates. Lift the top plate assembly off the tool and move off to the side to proceed with disassembly.



7. Turn the top plates over to inspect the (2) rod bushings (1008287); replace if damaged or deformed.





8. Reinstall the cylinder nuts (P/N 1006193) onto the rod threads, to prevent damage if they are impacted.





- 9. Secure a lifting strap to the linkage bar (P/N 1006189), using the upper pin and castle nut (P/N 1006010 & 1006226).
- 10. Hoist the slip assembly off the corner bowl. Place off to the side to continue disassembly of the slip.





- 11. Start disassembling the slip by removing the cotter pin (P/N 10043), 5/32 x 1-1/2, followed by unscrewing the castle nut (P/N 1006226), 3/4"-10 grade 5.
- 12. 5. Next remove the linkage pin (P/N 1006010) and linkage Bar (P/N 1006189) from latch housing.





13. Remove the 5/8"-11 hex bolts (GR8, drilled head P/N 1005998) that secure the latch spring housing (P/N 1006005) to the slip (P/N 1005994).





14. With the latch housing and spring removed, slide the latch (P/N 1006008) out of the slip (P/N 1005994). Repeat steps for each slip.





15. Remove hoses from FMS cylinders. Plug and cap hydraulic fittings.



ENSURE TO BLEED HOSES BEFORE REMOVING THEM TO AVOID TRAPPED PRESSURE.

- 16. Before removing the hinge assembly, secure a lifting strap around the inside of the Hinge Pin (PN 1006256). Bias the loop toward the center of the tool. Pick up with the crane until the hinge assembly moves upwards slightly.
 NOTE: PICKING UP TOO MUCH CAN FLIP OVER THE ASSEMBLY.
- 17. Using a 6" extension and a 9/16" swivel head socket, remove the hex bolts,
 3/8 16 X 1-1/2, from both the top (P/N 1006268) & bottom spacers (P/N 1006030).
- 18. Using a tool such as needle nose pliers or a magnetic probe remove the top & bottom spacers.





REMOVAL OF HINGE ASSEMBLY WITH HANDS MAY LEAD TO HAND INJURY.

KEEP HANDS CLEAR OF RIGGING THAT IS ENGAGED OR UNDER TENSION. USE CAUTION, AS POTENTIAL RIGGING FAILURE MAY LEAD TO HAND INJURY. BE AWARE OF HAND PLACEMENT IN RELATION TO RIGGING AND PARTS.

19. Hold and guide the hinge pin, placing your hand under the lifting strap on the hinge pin. Use this as a gripping point for stability and to adjust as needed to free it from the corner bowls. The hinge assembly can now be lifted outward and upward with the crane. Set hinge assembly off to the side for further disassembly or evaluation.



AS COMPONENTS ARE REMOVED, THE REMAINING COMPONENTS CAN BECOME UNSTABLE. ENSURE ALL REMAINING COMPONENTS ARE SECURE TO PREVENT THEM FROM FALLING AND TO AVOID INJURIES OR DAMAGE TO EQUIPMENT, BE AWARE OF THE HAZARD.



There will now be two distinct halves of the tool.



BE AWARE OF HAND PLACEMENT IN RELATION TO RIGGING WHEN HOISTING, AS RIGGING FAILURE MAY LEAD TO POTENTIAL HAND INJURY.

REMOVAL OF RETAINING PLATE WITH HANDS MAY LEAD TO HAND INJURY.


- 4. Prior to removing the first corner bowl (P/N 1006069), attach a lifting strap to the swivel hoist ring on top of the corner bowl.
- Remove the corner bowl by using a 6" extension and a 9/16" swivel head socket to remove the hex screws, 3/8 – 16 X 1-1/2", from both the top (P/N 1006268) & bottom spacers (P/N 1006030).
- 6. Use a tool such as needle nose pliers or a magnetic probe to remove the top & bottom spacers.





- 7. Maneuver / adjust the corner bowl to ensure it moves freely from the cylinder assembly. Once the cylinder assembly tab is clear of the spacer pockets, pull the corner bowl away to remove it. Adjusting the strap or using a rubber mallet sometimes is needed.
- 8. Secure the corner bowl on flat level surface for inspection or storage.
- 9. Before removing the opposing corner bowl, ensure the cylinder is secured by placing a single lifting strap around the cylinder, creating a choker position with the single leg rising in front of the center of the cylinder barrel, Or, by using a C-clamp to secure it.

THE CORNER BOWL IS LARGE AND CUMBERSOME. KEEP HANDS CLEAR, AS IT MAY ROTATE OR SWING ONCE FREE OF THE CYLINDER ASSEMBLY.



- 10. Repeat steps 4-9 for the remaining corner bowls.
- 11. After removing all corner bowls, hoist the cylinder assembly and place it on a secure, flat, level surface for inspection or storage.
- 12. For cylinder disassembly see the next section.



CYLINDER DISASSEMBLY (P/N 1006086)

1. Remove the (3) set screws 5/16"-18, 7/16" that are retaining the end cap (P/N 1006180) in place.



2. Unscrew the end cap rod from the cylinder barrel weldment.





- 3. Pull the rod piston (P/N 1006061) from the cylinder weldment (P/N 1007645).
- 4. Ensure proper installation of the Rota Sensor Magnet (P/N 1006101) & Rota Sensor Snap Ring (P/N 1007569) as shown in the bottom image. Note: Failure to secure the snap ring may lead to the magnet falling out, potentially causing damage to the cylinder and cylinder weldment.





FMS-350-275-C Flush Mounted Spider

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ROD PISTON, CYLINDER P/N 1006061

 Measure the diameter of the Rod Piston at the (3) locations identified below: "X", "Y", "Z".



WEAR LIMITS				
FEATURE	MANUFACTURED TOLERANCE	WEAR MAXIMUM		
ROD DIAMETER	2.496 / 2.499	2.493		
PISTON DIAMETER	3.992 / 3.997	3.987		

1. Installation of the (2) Piston Guides (P/N 700074), Piston Seal (P/N 700073), and Energizer (P/N 763333).





END CAP, ROD P/N 1006180

1. Installation of the O-rings & seals as shown below.





CYLINDER WELDMENT P/N 1007645

- 2. Measure inside diameter of the cylinder (P/N 1007645) in the (3) locations identified below: "X", "Y", "Z".
- 3. Check the (3) thread holes for damage or burrs in the locations depicted below. Repair as needed before reassembly, using a proper deburring tool or emery cloth.



	WEAR LIMITS	
FEATURE	MANUFACTURED TOLERANCE	WEAR MAXIMUM
BORE DIAMETER	4.000 / 1.002	1.010



REASSEMBLY

1. Reinstall the Cylinders, hinge assembly, and FMS components using the disassembly sections as your guide for the process steps.

DIE INSTALLATION

- 1. Setup a safe, secure, and level work area to install the dies.
- 2. Inspect the carrier slots and dies for sharp, flattened, or damaged edges. Repair any damage using Emory cloth or a file.
- 3. Select carrier size and use a metal brush to clean any debris from the die slots. Repeat steps for each carrier.



4. McCoy recommends applying CRC 3-36 Multi-Purpose Lubricant & Corrosion Inhibitor in the die slots before installing the dies.

DO NOT APPLY GREASE OR ANTI SEIZE COMPOUNDS TO THE SLOTS OF THE CARRIERS OR THE DIES WHEN INSTALLING. APPLYING GREASE CAUSES DECREASED FRICTION, LEADING TO THE INCREASED LOADING ON THE SLOT AND REDUCES CARRIER LIFESPAN.



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5. Install (2) handling dies into each carrier slot. Verify the carrier assembly number and part number for the handling dies. The bottom (3) rows of dies are slip or handling dies with a part number starting in JJ and ending with -G. Please refer the FMS die chart in the appendix section.



NON-STANDARD POWER TONG DIES ARE USED IN THE FMS. STANDARD DIES DO NOT APPLY THE PROPER BITE PROFILE / DEPTH THEREFORE CANNOT BE USED IN THE FMS.

ONLY BI-DIRECTIONAL SLIP DIES ARE TO BE USED ON THE BOTTOM 3 ROWS OF THE FMS DIE CARRIERS.



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- Reinsert the mid carrier load plate (P/N 1006178) and secure in place using the (2) socket head cap screws (P/N 1040-A), 3/8" – 16, 3/4" long, steel. Make sure to place the 3/8" NORDLOCK washer (P/N MDC1002100) in the correct orientation.
- 7. Apply copper coat high-temperature anti-Seize compound and torque the bolts to 33 ftlbs.





8. Install (1) tong die into the top row of the (3) carrier slots. Verify the part number of the handling dies (ending with "- 0"). Refer to FMS Die Chart in the appendix section.





TONG DIE PART NUMBER DECODER





CARRIER INSTALLATION

WARNING

WHEN INSTALLING AND REMOVING CARRIERS, USE A POSITIVE STOP TO PREVENT THE CYLINDER FROM RETRACTING DUE TO HYDRAULIC POWER LOSS. THE STOP CAN BE INSTALLED UNDERNEATH THE SLIPS OR BETWEEN THE TOP PLATES AND CYLINDERS.

Note- This step is intended to be completed when the tool is out of the Rotary Table.





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- 9. Select a carrier with the dies inserted and install the lifting eye bolt into the top of the carrier.
- 10. Connect a lifting strap to the lifting eye bolt and move the carrier into position to attach to the corner bowl.
- 11. Lubricate the back of the die carriers and the front slots and face of the slips with a thin coat of NLGI No. 3 Lithium or equivalent.
- 12. Insert the carrier into the corner bowls, aligning the (3) back ledges of the carrier into the pockets in the slip.





13. Push the latch (P/N 1006008) back to install the carrier.





USE A TOOL SUCH AS A BAR TO DEPRESS THE LATCH. DO NOT USE HANDS OR FINGERS, AS THIS IS A PINCH POINT.



14. Once the spring latch secures the carrier (latch springs back), install the safety pin (P/N 1006229) and remove the hoist ring.



15. Repeat steps 9-14 for the remaining corner bowls.



16. Install the Top Guide Plates (P/N determined by the sizing chart) that match the Carrier and dies that are being used. Uninstall (8) 1/2-13, 1-1/2" hex screws to secure them in place. Reference the die chart in the Appendix section.



INCORRECT USED OF TOP GUIDE PLATES CAN CAUSE DAMAGE ON THE TOOL, PLEASE REFER TO THE CHART IN APPENDIX SECTION FOR THE CORRECT TOP GUIDE PLATE INFORMATION DEPENDING ON CASING SIZES.



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- 17. Ensure all pinch points are avoided and swing close the FMS using a bar or an overhead lifting device.
- 18. Install the safety pin (P/N 700049).



19. Function test the slips to ensure proper fit.



DO NOT APPLY AXIAL LOAD TO THE FMS, UNLESS IT IS INSTALLED IN AN ADAPTER BUSHING OR TEST STAND.

NEVER ATTEMPT TO CLAMP TUBULARS WITH INCORRECTLY SIZED DIES. OPERATORS MUST BE AWARE OF THE SIZE OF TUBULAR TO BE GRIPPED AND THAT CORRECTLY SIZED DIES ARE INSTALLED. USE OF INCORRECTLY SIZED DIES POSES A HAZARD TO PERSONNEL AND EQUIPMENT.







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SECTION 6: TROUBLESHOOTING



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TROUBLESHOOTING

Adequate maintenance and proper fluid selection are essential for minimizing hydraulic-related failures. All troubleshooting must be performed by a technician trained in hydraulic systems, and familiar with the equipment design, assembly, and operation.

The following troubleshooting instructions are intended to be guidelines only. Any faults not solved through the use of this guide should be referred to our engineering department for evaluation and recommendations.

- 1. In the event of power loss, the slips will need to be removed from the pipe manually. Install lifting eyes into the 5/8-11 holes on the top plates near the cylinder nut, then attach the lifting straps and use a crane to release the pipe.
- 2. In the event of pipe slippage, please verify that the correct dies and/or carriers are installed for the pipe being clamped.



	Possible Problem	Solution
	Dies Slinning on Pine Due to tong	Ensure tong dies are installed in the top row of each
1	dies not properly installed	carrier column and both correct carriers and dies are
	dies not property installed	the correct size for the application
	Dies slipping on Tubular	Ensure tong dies are not worn to the point that they
		cannot grip.
		Ensure that the correct tong dies are installed to ensure
		proper die penetration
2		Debris or other material build-up can cause issues with
		proper die engagement. Ice in cold climates can affect
		this as well. Ensure the tubulars are free of debris where
		the FMS is contacting, and that proper penetration is
		occurring.
	Power unit is not producing	Troubleshoot power unit (see user's manual for power
3	adequate pressure for beginning	unit)
	of string (2,000 psi minimum)	
	Poor bydraulic pressure at the	Restrictions exist in line between power unit and FMS.
1	EMS cylinder despite adequate	Inspect the integrity of self-sealing couplings to ensure
4	pressure at the power upit	they are allowing full fluid flow. Check to ensure no
	pressure at the power unit.	other restrictions exist
		Ensure hydraulic fluid being used is the viscosity
		recommended by McCoy Global. Power unit pump may
		not prime if fluid is too heavy, and the hydraulic system
	Fluid viceocity is not appropriate	will overheat if fluid is too light. Replace with proper
5	(too high or too low)	viscosity fluid
		Hydraulic fluid viscosity is affected by environmental
		conditions. Ensure the fluid being used is suitable for
		high or low temperatures. Replace with proper viscosity
		fluid for the operating conditions if necessary
c	Adequate Pressure/Flow not	Troubleshoot console (see user's manual for console)
0	being provided through console	

1.0 - FMS Not Holding Torque/Pipe slipping through the inserts

2.0 - Latch mechanism not functioning properly



	Possible Problem	Solution
1	Console not supplying	Troubleshoot Console
1	adequate flow	
2	Hydraulic Pressure supply too	Troubleshoot Console and then troubleshoot power unit
Z	low	
2	Distan rad cools are looking	Disassemble the cylinder and inspect the rod seals for
5	Piston rou seals are leaking	damage (cut, melted, rolled etc.).

3.0 - Slips are traveling too slow

	Possible Problem	Solution		
1	Cylinder nuts too loose	Confirm cylinder nuts are properly torqued		
2	Slips and other surfaces of FMS are not properly lubricated	Please lubricate the tool		
3	FMS cylinders leaking or damaged	Confirm that the pressure supplied is to the maximum working pressure of the cylinder. Replace any damaged seals		

3.1 - FMS cylinders are not functioning together

3.2 Cylinders leaking

	Possible Problem	Solution
1	Cylinder leaking during operation	Disassemble the cylinder and check for the proper durometer rubber (90) or damaged seals (cut, melted, rolled etc.).
2	Cylinder leaking during operation	Disassemble the cylinder and confirm proper seals or the proper seal assembly order has been carried out on the Rod End Cap. (Ring & Spacer installed).
	Possible Problem	Solution
1	Spring is not installed, is	
	incorrect or is damaged	Ensure proper spring is installed and functional
2	Proper Lifting eye not installed	Use specified lifting eye to retract the latch.
<u> </u>	Mechanical interference	Filing or adding a slight radius to the back of the latch (if
3	(sticking) between the housing	not already done) removes the interference and prevents
	and the latch as it is retracted	the latch from interfering.







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ОВ



SECTION 7: SALES, MARKETING & SPECIFICATION SHEET









McCoy Flush Mounted Spider

Leading-Edge Solutions for Optimal Performance

Interchangeable Parts

Insert Carriers

» Multiple sizes of insert carriers to cover the full range of gripping

- » Carrier utilize a combination of tong dies and handling tool dies that need to be changed out to grip different sizes without needing to open the FMS
- » Carriers are easily interchangeable, utilizing a spring latch to hold the carriers secure
- » Due to geometry, the tension rating for carriers decreases for the smaller pipe sizes

Wear Guides

- » Need to be changed for individual sizes of casing in order to help ensure a good bite
- » Sized to allow common centralizer sizes through without need to remove them

TENSION RATING FOR CARRIERS

PIPE SIZE	MAX TENSION IN TONS (TONNES)
13.625 - 6.000	350 (317)
5.500 - 4.500	240 (218)
3.500 - 2.375	100 (91)



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smartFMS™

This is a fully connected device that in real-time provides information on the state of the tool to the driller's display (also used with a smartCRT™). Both tools are constantly monitored, providing enhanced safety and reassurance that these are not open at the same time. smartFMS™ increases efficiency and safety by eliminating human error and guaranteeing consistency and repeatability of operations.







SECTION 7: APPENDIX



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FMS-350-275-C ASSEMBLY BON	1 General Arrangement
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ITEM	Qty.	P/N	DESCRIPTION	ITEM	Qty.	P/N	DESCRIPTION
1	4	1006069	CORNER, BOWL		4	1006068	SPRING, COMPRESSION, CENTURY SPRING S-1136
2	8	1006010	PIN, HEX, LIFT LINK	28	4	1006189	BAR, LINKAGE
3	8	1006030	SPACER, BOTTOM CONNECTOR	29	4	1002	FITTING, GREASE, 1/8 MNPT, 90 DEGREE
4	1	1006073	ASSEMBLY, CYLINDER, RIGHT, 4 BOREX 2 ROD X 15.348 STROKE	30	1	1006195-\$1	PLATE, TOP RIGHT
5	2	1006193	NUT, CYLINDER	31	1	1006191-51	PLATE, TOP LEFT
6	8	1006268	SPACER, TOP CONNECTOR	32	4	1007895	RING, HOIST, SWIVEL, CROSBY 1068452
7	1	700049	PIN, POSITIVE LOCKING, PL2X2500BX0	33	1	TAG-CLINCHER	PLATE, SERIAL NUMBER
8	1	1006086	ASSEMBLY, CYLINDER, LEFT, 4 BORE X 2 ROD X 15.348 STROKE	34	1	1006200	PLATE, TEXT, MCCOY
9	1	1006044	PLATE, HINGE, TOP LEFT	35	11	1001	FITTING, GREASE, STRAIGHT, 1/8 NPT
10	1	1006286	HINGE, BOTTOM, LEFT		16	1005998	BOLT, HEX, 5/8-11, 1 3/4, GR8, DRILLED HEAD
11	1	1006032	PIN, HINGE, TOP PLATE		8	1006226	NUT, CASTLE, 3/4-10, GRADE 5
12	1	1006007	HINGE, TOP RIGHT		16	1151	LOCKWASHER, 5/8, STEEL, GR8
13	1	605354	HINGE, BOTTOM RIGHT		8	10043	PIN, COTTER 5/32 X 1 1/2
14	1	1006256	PIN, HINGE		4	1006229	PIN, QUICK RELEASE, 1/4 X 2.2, STAINLESS STEEL
15	1	1006257	NUT, CASTLE, JAM, 1 1/4 - 12,	41	32	MDC1002100	NORDLOCK WASHER, 3/8"
16	2	700064	NUT, CASTLE, 1 3/8 - 12, GR 8, STEEL	42	8	MDC1002099	NORDLOCK WASHER, 1/2"
17	4	700057	COTTER PIN, 1/4, 2	43	8	1112	SCREW, HEX, 1/2"-13, 1 1/2"
18	32	1049	SCREW, HEX, 3/8 - 16, 1 1/2, GR08	44	2	1007182	SCREW, SET, 3/8-16, 1.500 LG, STEEL, CUP POINT
19	2	12V50X-SS	FITTING, 3/4 MORB, 3/4 MJIC, 45 DEGREE, STAINLESS STEEL	45	12	1007697	SCREW, FLAT HEAD, PHILLIPS, #10-24, 3/8, STEEL
20	4	12 WFTX-WLN-S	CONNECTOR, BULKHEAD, 3/4 MJIC X 3/4 MNPT	46	1	1006424	SOCKET, 12 POINT, 2 1/2" SIZE, 1" SQUARE DRIVE
21	2	12C5OX-SS	FITTING, 3/4 MORB, 3/4 MJIC, ELBOW, STAINLESS STEEL		4	3-4FF-S	FITTING, NIPPLE, 3/4 MNPT, 3/4 MNPT
22	2	H10-34-FJFJ	HOSE, GH781-10, 34 L, 1AA10FJ12, 1AA10FJ12		4	3-4gg-s	FITTING, COUPLING, 3/4 FNPT, 3/4 FNPT
23	2	H10-23-FJFJ	HOSE, GH781-10, 23 L, 1AA12FJ10, 1AA12FJ10	49	2	1008287	BUSHING, ROD MOUNT, FMS
24	4	1005994	SLIP, FMS	50	4	1041	SCREW, SOCKET HEAD, 3/8-16 X 1, ASTM A574
25	4	1006008	LATCH	51	4	MDC1002515	WASHER, NORD-LOCK, 3/8", .65 OD, McMASTER: 91074A131
26	4	1006005	SPRING HOUSING, LATCH	<u> </u>		1	1





FMS-350-275-C Flush Mounted Spider

Illustration: FMS-350-275-C ASSEMBLY, SPIDER, FLUSH MOUNTED







- LATCH MECHANISM NOTES: 1. LATCH 25 MUST BE INSTALLED FROM REAR OF SLIP
- PLACE SPRING (27) INSIDE OF LATCH
- ALLIGN REAR OF LATCH HOUSING (26) WITH
 - SPRING AT AN ANGLE BOLT LATCH HOUSING AND INSERT RETAINING PIN (40)



DETAIL H SCALE 1 : 6







GENERAL CYLINDER INFORMATION 1006073 ASSEMBLY, CYLINDER, RIGHT, 4 BORE X 2 ROD X 15.348 STROKE



ITEM	QTY.	P/N	DESCRIPTION
1	1	1006061	ROD PISTON, CYLINDER
2	1	1006180	END CAP, ROD
3	3	700068	SET SCREW, 5/16-18, 7/16
4	1	700069	O-RING, 4.012" OD X 3.734" ID X 0.139" CS (Replaces Part @ 224000)
5	1	1006177	WIPER SEAL, 3.00 OD X 2.50 ID X 0.312 CS, 4700J02500
6	1	25002500-375	SEAL, ROD, 3 OD, 2.5 ID, .375CS, 4300BD25002500N375
7	1	700073	SEAL, PISTON, 4 OD, 3.63 ID, .281 CS, 4300PSP342A
8	2	700074	GUIDE, PISTON, 4 OD, 3.75 ID, .5 CS 4733WPT125-04000-0500
9	1	1006181	GUIDE, ROD, 2.75 OD, 2.5 ID, 2 CS, NYLON, W2027502000



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10	1	1006101	MAGNET, SENSOR, ROTA LJ1234
11	1	1006090	PLATE, COVER, CYLINDER
12	1	1006097	RING, RETAINING, INTERNAL, 3 3/4 ID
13	1	8P5ON-S	FITTING, PLUG 1/2 MORB
14	1	1007569	SNAP RING, SENSOR, ROTA, PN: 251477
15	1	1007645	WELDMENT, CYLINDER, LEFT, 4 BORE X 2 ROD X 15.348 STROKE

1006086 ASSEMBLY, YLINDER, LEFT, 4 BORE X 2 ROD X 15.348 STROKE



ITEM	QTY.	P/N	DESCRIPTION
1	1	1006180	END CAP, ROD
2	1	25002500-375	SEAL, ROD, 3 OD, 2.5 ID, .375CS, 4300BD25002500N375
3	1	700073	SEAL, PISTON, 4 OD, 3.63 ID, .281 CS, 4300PSP342A
4	1	1006177	WIPER SEAL, 3.00 OD X 2.50 ID X 0.312 CS, 4700J02500
5	2	700074	GUIDE, PISTON, 4 OD, 3.75 ID, .5 CS 4733WPT125-04000-0500
6	1	1006181	GUIDE, ROD, 2.75 OD, 2.5 ID, 2 CS, NYLON, W2027502000
7	3	700068	SET SCREW, 5/16-18, 7/16



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Manual No. TM-FMS-
8	1	700069	O-RING, 4.012" OD X 3.734" ID X 0.139" CS (Replaces Part @ 224000)
9	1	1006101	MAGNET, SENSOR, ROTA LJ1234
10	1	1006090	PLATE, COVER, CYLINDER
11	1	1006097	RING, RETAINING, INTERNAL, 3 3/4 ID
12	1	8P5ON-S	FITTING, PLUG 1/2 MORB
13	1	1006061	ROD PISTON, CYLINDER
14	1	1007569	SNAP RING, SENSOR, ROTA, PN: 251477
15	1	1007645	WELDMENT, CYLINDER, LEFT, 4 BORE X 2 ROD X 15.348 STROKE

GUIDANCE OF INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE OF FLUSH MOUNTED SPIDER

This section is intended to provide recommended guidance for an overhaul event, which consists of specific inspection and maintenance items. For routine inspection and maintenance refer to sections X-Y-Z.

1) **PRECAUTIONS**

PRACTICE SAFETY PROCEDURES AT ALL TIMES WHEN SERVICING FLUSH MOUNTED SPIDER AND USE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT.

TURN OFF HYDRAULIC POWER, DEPRESSURIZE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM, AND DISCONNECT SUPPLY TO THE FMS BEFORE PERFORMING ANY INSPECTION OR MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES.

2) **DEFINITIONS**

- <u>Adapter:</u> allowing the FMS to be used inside of a $37 \frac{1}{2}$ " rotary table.
- <u>Corner Block:</u> primary load carrying component of FMS that allow the slips to slide up and down.
- <u>Cylinders:</u> responsible for extending and retracting the equipment.
- <u>Die Carrier</u>: the component of FMS that holds the dies/inserts.
- <u>Bushing Rod Mount:</u> reducing friction between moving parts and absorbing shock and vibrations in the equipment. (e.g.: Bushing Rod Mount etc.)
- <u>FMS Slips:</u> primary load carrying component of FMS that holds the Die Carrier Assembly.
- <u>Grease Fitting:</u> A metal fitting used in FMS to feed lubricants, usually lubricating grease, into a pin or hinge surface under moderate or high pressure using a grease gun.



- <u>High Stress Component</u>: Parts of the tool which see a high ratio of force to area during operation.
- <u>Hydraulic Fitting</u>: The quick disconnects (male and female) that are used in FMS main supply and return line. (e.g.: ³/₄" SAE Female Quick Disconnect Fitting etc.)
- <u>Linear Indication</u>: A indication in which the length is more than three times the width.
- <u>Load Bearing Component:</u> Parts such as a chain sling, spreader bar assembly, frame, or any other device that bears the partial or total weight of the equipment.
- <u>Hydraulic Hoses:</u> allow fluid/air to flow from one component to another.
- <u>Hydraulic Supply:</u> required to operate the tool.
- <u>Inserts:</u> used to hold/grip the casing to prevent slippage or mishandling.
- <u>Nipple Fitting:</u> used to connect the hydraulic hoses to the supply line.
- <u>Wear Component:</u> Parts that are bound to or design to wear out or fail with repetitive use and will require periodic repair or replacements.

3) FREQUENCY

Organizations should determine and set the frequency of overhaul events based on factors such as prevention of non-productive time and ensuring safe operation of the equipment. There are many factors that will impact the frequency required such as commercial terms, utilization, in-service and post-job maintenance regimes, storage conditions, and many more. These factors are different for every case, we recommend that each organization set the frequency to meet your needs.

McCoy recommends that end users determine the intervals based on the equipment's asfound condition during previous overhaul and maintenance events. It is recommended to start with a minimum overhaul schedule of <u>1-year</u>, record the as-found condition, and functionality of the equipment. These records will illustrate the need to modify the interval time needed to match the expected performance during the set span between overhauls.

4) **PREPARATION**

Once the FMS has been received, begin preparation for inspection and maintenance.

The intended purpose of the preparation step is to pre-check for any visual or audial indications that the FMS is not working as intended. It is also recommended to record the 'As-Found' condition of the equipment for use in determining frequency of maintenance intervals.

a. Visually inspect the FMS for any moving or loose parts and signs of premature wear of moving parts that are rubbing (bare metal where there used to be paint is a good indication of wear) before connecting to a supply.



- b. Visually inspect all external welds. Any weld that is cracked or separating must be repaired and repainted before returning the FMS to service.
- c. Visually inspect all fasteners, second retention devices, and protruding body pieces (example: QDs, hydraulic fittings, inlet & outlet line supports, latch pin, cotter pins, linkage pins, retaining pins, bolts & nuts). If there are any leaks, tighten to the recommended specifications or replace loose or missing fasteners. Use grade 8 bolts only unless otherwise specified. McCoy recommends that damaged or missing body parts be repaired or replaced prior to returning to service.
- d. Connect the FMS to a hydraulic power source and ensure the FMS is working as intended.
- 1. Check condition of all hydraulic hoses and fittings. Visually inspect all hydraulic hoses fitted to the FMS for any signs of leaks, cuts, or wears. Hydraulic hoses should be replaced as per the original hose manufacturer recommendations and completion of a Certificate of Conformity is required.
- e. If any of the previous checks failed, turn off the hydraulic power, depressurize the hydraulic system, and disconnect the supply to the FMS and begin prepping for the additional inspection or maintenance steps.
- f. Clean the interior spaces of the tool thoroughly, using either a water hose with a spray nozzle (do not use a pressure washer), or an appropriate solvent-based grease-cutting cleaner such as Varsol. Ensure adequate containment is in place to prevent environmental contamination from residual hydraulic fluid, dirty grease, and cleaning agents. Make a note if any metal shavings or metal pieces are flushed out of the top plates, corner block, slip, carrier, and dies if shavings or metal pieces are seen, the source must be identified during the overhaul process.
- g. Begin disassembling the FMS, and separate parts by component type.

5) INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE

Overhaul inspections and maintenance are recommended to be performed, per the following criteria. To ensure optimum performance for McCoy Flush Mounted Spider, the following checks should be performed.

- Visually inspect all parts for any surface defects such as, but not limited to, cracks, scratches, misalignments, corrosion, and other physical defects.
- Repair or replace any damaged or missing external body parts, such as guide plates, corner block, slip, die carrier, dies, load plates etc.

Category I (Daily Inspection)

The following inspection is Category 1 Inspection that should be performed during the job.

a. Check latch mechanism for functionality.



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- b. Check that the correct sizes of insert carriers, inserts, and top guides are installed.
- c. Check that the insert carriers and top guides are installed correctly.
- d. Grease the back of the slips. Please note this must be done every twenty cycles.

Category II (Daily Inspection)

The following inspection and maintenance procedures should be performed before and after every job in addition to Category I, at least once a day when the FMS is in steady use.

- a. Wash and remove any excess dirt and grease.
- b. Extend cylinders fully. Check back of slip for wear. Please note that the back of the slip has two grooves in it that are the maximum allowable wear depth. When these slots are no longer present, it is time to replace the slips.
- c. Inspect all QDs and hydraulic fittings.
- d. Check dies and carriers for wear. Replace dies if there are broken or have flat teeth. Replace carriers if the rear lugs and/or die slots appear damaged.
- e. Check cylinder rods for wear.
- f. Check hoses inside of the tool for wear.
- g. Check for proper locking of all bolts and nuts, slotted nuts & cotter pins, lock wire, and retaining pins.
- h. Check the guide plates ID. Please note that all guide plates have a .500 wear allowance on the internal diameter.
- i. Inspect linkage pins for wear.
- j. Grease all pins and the latch mechanism.

Category III (Every 6 months)

The following inspection and maintenance procedures should be performed every six months under normal operating conditions in addition to all Category I & II actions.

- a. Inspect External weld of both cylinders.
- b. Visually inspect carrier mid load plates and bottom of carrier die slot for deformation.
- c. Activate cylinders and monitor hydraulic seals and replace any that are damaged.
- d. Inspect linkage pins, linkage, and latch housing for wear according to the wear limits that proceed this section.
- e. Inspect top guide plates, corner block, slip, carrier, and leveling beams for wear according to the wear limits that proceed this section.
- f. Inspect all guide plates that have been used in the past six months for wear according to the wear limits that precede this section.

Category IV (Yearly Inspection)

The following inspection and maintenance procedures should be performed every year under normal operating conditions in addition to all Category I, II, & III actions.



- 4. NDE load bearing components per the critical area drawings in this manual for the following parts.
 - a. Corner blocks.
 - b. Slips.
 - c. All carriers used in the past year.
 - d. All carrier load plates used in the past year.

Component Name	Component Type	Inspection		Acceptance
		Vigually increase a deptor for	PASS	No signs of wear, damage, and scratch.
ADAPTER	WEAR	wear, damage, or scratch	FAIL	If there are any signs of wear, damage, and scratch, the adapter must be replaced.
		Visually inspect corner	PASS	No cracks or signs of wear, or damage in the corner block.
CORNER BLOCK	WEAR	block for cracks, damage, or wear according to wear limits.	FAIL	Any cracks, wear, or excessive damage that is outside of the wear limit listed on Corner block drawings below. Page (8 & 19).
		Visually inspect the cylinder rods for wear and	PASS	No signs of wear, damage, or corrosion in the cylinder. No weld damage
CYLINDER	WEAR	corrosion. Check the external weld of both cylinders.	FAIL	Any signs of wear, damage, or corrosion in the cylinder. Excessive damage that is outside of wear limit listed on cylinder rod drawing below. Page (21).
BUSHING ROD MOUNT	WEAR	Visually inspect bushing rod mount. If there are any signs of wear, the bushing must be replaced.	PASS FAIL	No signs of wear on bushing rod. If there are any signs of wear, the bushing rod must be replaced.
DIE CARRIER	WEAR	Visually inspect die carrier for cracks, damage, or wear.	PASS	No cracks, scratch, or damage in the die carrier Any cracks, scratch, or damage in
DIES	WEAR	Visually inspect the dies. If there are any signs of wear,	PASS	the die carrier No signs of wear, no broken or no flat teeth
		broken or have flat teeth it must be replaced.	FAIL	If there are broken or have flat teeth, dies should be replaced.
SEAL	WEAR	Visually inspect all seals. Check for any cracks, glazing, loss of elasticity,	PASS FAIL	No visible wear or damage. Any leaking, damaged, or worn seals will need to be replaced.



		scarring, swelling, wear, deterioration, etc.		
HYDRAULIC FITTINGS	WEAR	Visually inspect hoses around the fittings for	PASS	No corrosion or damage to hydraulic fittings.
		and crushed or cracked hydraulic fittings.	FAIL	Any damaged or leaking hydraulic fittings will need to be replaced.
HOSE KIT	WEAR	Visually inspect hoses	PASS	No signs of wear and damage
		inside of the tool for wear and damage.	FAIL	Any signs of wear and damage, the hose kit must be replaced.
LINKAGES	WEAR	Visually inspect the	PASS	No wear or damage to linkages.
		linkages for wear, damage,	FAIL	If there is a wear or damage to the
		or bent.	DAGG	linkages, it should be replaced.
		Visually inspect the latch	PASS	No wear or damage to the latch
HOUSING	WEAR	limits.	FAIL	Excessive damage that is outside
				of the wear limit listed on latch
				spring housing drawing below.
				Page (15).
			DACC	No wear or deformation to the
CARRIER LUAD PI ΔTF	WFAR	Visually inspect the carrier	PASS EAH	Carrier load plate.
I LATIL	VV L/ IIX	ioau plates for deformation.	FAIL	deformation to carrier load plate
				will need to be replaced.
GREASE	WEAR	Visually inspect grease	PASS	No corrosion or damage to grease
FITTINGS		fittings for leaks. Check for		fittings.
		corrosion and crushed or	FAIL	Any damaged, clogged, or leaking
		Confirm grease port is not		grease intiligs will need to be
		clogged.		replaced.
PINS	WEAR	Visually inspect pins for	PASS	No signs of wear to the pins
		wear according to wear	FAIL	If there is wear or excessive
		limits.		damage that is outside of the wear
				limit listed in pins drawing below
SLIPS	WEAR	Visually inspect slips for	PASS	No damage or wear in the slips
5111 5	VV LATIC	wear according to wear	FAIL	If there is wear or excessive
		limits.		damage that is outside of the wear
				limit listed on Corner block
		xy, 11 · · · · ·	DAGG	drawings below. Page (6 & 18).
GUIDE PLATES	WEAR	Visually inspect guide plates for wear according to	PASS	No damage or wear in the guide plates
		wear limits.	FAIL	If there is wear or damage to the
				guide plates, then it should be
				replaced.

TOP RIGHT	WEAR	Visually inspect top right	PASS	No signs of wear to the top right
LEVELING BEAM		leveling beam for wear		leveling beam.
		according to wear limits.	FAIL	If there is wear or excessive
				damage that is outside of the wear
				limit listed on Top Right Leveling
				Beam drawings below. Page (17).
TOP LEFT	WEAR	Visually inspect top left	PASS	No signs of wear to the top left
LEVELING BEAM		leveling beam for wear		leveling beam.
		according to wear limits.	FAIL	If there is wear or excessive
				damage that is outside of the wear
				limit listed on Top Left Leveling
				Beam drawings below. Page (16).

• MPI requirements for components:

- Where instructed in the table above, MPI welds & visually inspect per ASTM E709 after load /test.
- The following acceptance criteria shall apply:
 - Linear indications (Major dimensions at least 3 times minor dimension)
 - In base metal: no relevant linear indications with a major dimension equal to or greater than 3/16" (4.7mm).
 - In welds: no rounded indications with a major dimension greater than 1/8" (3.2mm).
 - No more than 10 relevant indications in any continuous 6 sq. in. (40 sq. cm) area.
 - No more than 3 relevant indications in a line separated by less than 1/16" (2mm) edge-to-edge.
 - No relevant indications in pressure-sealing areas, in the root areas of threads, or in the stress-relief features of threaded joints.



WEAR LIMITS OF KEY COMPONENTS

LINKAGES (PN 1006189)



LATCH SPRING HOUSING (PN 1006005)





TOP LEFT PLATE (PN 1006191-S1)





TOP RIGHT PLATE (PN 1006195-S1)





CORNER BLOCK (PN 1006069)





13 5/8 GUIDE PLATE (PN 1006227)



Please note that all guide plates have a .500 wear allowance on the internal diameter.



FMS-350-275-C Flush Mounted Spider

Manual No. TM-FMS-



FMS SLIP (PN 1005994)





Pin, Hex, Lift Link (PN 1006010)



Rod Piston, Cylinder (PN 1006061)





CRITICAL AREA LOAD MAPS







FMS-350-275-C Flush Mounted Spider





FMS-350-275-C Flush Mounted Spider

Manual No. TM-FMS-









FMS-350-275-C Flush Mounted Spider

Manual No. TM-FMS-























ASSEMBLY

Once the overhaul inspection and maintenance has been performed proceed to assembling the FMS.

- a) Replace any components that failed inspection with the new recommended parts.
- b) Reinstall all parts which were removed for inspection. Lubricate Equipment according to maintenance schedule located in the FMS manual.
- c) When re-assembling load bearing devices, all the associated fasteners must be tightened to the correct torque specified for that size of fastener.
- d) Any threaded fastener in a load bearing device must be secured with red or blue Loctite.
- e) Any replacement fastener (bolts, nuts, cap screws, machined screws, etc.) used during maintenance or overhaul must be grade 8 or equivalent unless otherwise specified.
- f) Visually inspect all paint locations in which the paint has been damaged must be repaired prior to the equipment being returned to service. Paint the FMS remembering to mask off surfaces not intended to paint with grease or masking tape.



Paint Repair Specification

• Touch Up

Any chip/crevice smaller than 1/8" in diameter which has not broken through to expose bare metal may be sanded to feather edges and filled without rework of the area by filling the crevice with primer and topcoat only.

• Rework

Damaged/chipped areas shall be removed and the edge around the area shall be cut back to solid material. The rework areas should be sanded and edges of the tightly adhered coating reaming around the area must be feathered so that the recoated surface has a smooth appearance from the repaired area to the intact coating. Rework will be done to a depth required to reach a well adhered underlying coating and reworked area should have all affected coats restored (primer, base coat, and topcoat).

g) Complete dated inspection report giving details of all duties performed along with complete list of items replaced. A completed Certificate of Conformity is required.



SAFETY AND FINAL CHECKLIST

Preservation & Storage Recommendations

The purpose of preservation is to preserve the conformity of equipment during internal processing through delivery to the intended destination. The preservation of equipment includes all steps taken to ensure the proper identification, handling, packaging, storage, and protection of equipment.

- 1. <u>Identification:</u> The ability to identify a part or assembly during various phases of manufacture, inspection, maintenance, or storage.
- 2. <u>Handling</u>: The product is handled safely to prevent user injury and damage to equipment.
- 3. <u>Packaging</u>: The parts shipped for transport must be properly crated or palletized to avoid damage in shipping.
- 4. <u>Storage:</u> Proper storage of out-of-service equipment is important to ensure full integrity of the tool once it is returned to service. It is important to document the date the FMS is placed into storage, whether it is intended to be short or long term. The same efforts should be undertaken during short and long-term storage to preserve and protect the equipment. The amount of time equipment should be stored will be dependent on the customer's needs. To maintain the integrity of installed seals, McCoy recommends that the maximum storage interval does not exceed 1-year. Operating the FMS is not required during storage, but if the FMS is being recommissioned and has been in storage for more than 3-months, McCoy recommends completing the checks and tests as outlined for proper functionality, beginning on page 17.

McCoy recommends observing the following storage practices:

- a. Wipe off all excess grease. Use a solvent-based cleaner on rags to wipe all external surfaces to remove residual grease. Once the outside surfaces have been de-grease, wipe all external surfaces with clean water to remove residual solvent.
- b. Use of an anti-corrosive agent such as Tectyl® 506 be applied to all external surfaces. Refer to manufacturer data sheets for proper application and safety information. Allow the anti-corrosive coating ample time to dry – refer to manufacturer data sheets for drying times at room temperature.



- c. Storage area should be clean and dry, and if possible, stored in a sealed, climatecontrolled environment. If isolated storage is not available, McCoy recommends storing wrapped equipment in a secure, out-of-the-way location, using silica gel desiccant to reduce the humidity within the wrapping. As a guideline, use 125 g. of desiccant for each cubic meter of space, or 3.5 g. per cubic foot.
- d. Recommended lubrication for storage can be found in the user manual.
- e. When returning to service, note that a full inspection of the device must be performed.
- 5. <u>Protection</u>: All equipment must be protected from potential deterioration or damage. If FMS sits idle, or is expected to sit idle, for an extended period, McCoy recommends that you take steps to preserve it during storage. The decision on what constitutes an extended period varies based on many factors, all of which should be taken into consideration. Some such factors are, but not limited to, include:
 - Extreme Heat or Cold
 - Fire or Water Damage
 - High Humidity
 - Excessive Corrosion
 - Vehicle Circulation
 - Animal Activity
 - Exposure to UV light
 - Air Quality/Contamination (such as sand or dust in the air)



BOLT TORQUE SPECIFICATION

REPLACEMENT FASTENER (BOLTS, NUTS, CAP SCREWS, MACHINE SCREWS, ETC.) USED DURING MAINTENANCE OR OVERHAUL MUST BE GRADE 8 OR EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

TIGHTENING TORQUE GUIDE (DRY)										
	SAE GRADE 8	- FINE THREAD								
SIZE	CLAMP LOAD	PLAIN (ft. lbs.)	PLATED (ft. lbs.)							
1/4 - 28 (.250)	3,263	14	10							
5/16 - 24 (.3125)	5,113	27	20							
3/8 - 24 (.375)	7,875	49	37							
7/16 - 20 (.4375)	10,650	78	58							
1/2 -20 (.500)	14,400	120	90							
9/16 - 18 (.5625)	18,300	172	129							
5/8 - 18 (.625)	23,025	240	180							
3/4 - 16 (.750)	33,600	420	315							
7/8 - 14 (.875)	45,825	668	501							
1 - 12 (1.000)	59,700	995	746							
1 - 14 (1.000)	61,125	1019	764							
1-1/8 - 12 (1.125)	77,025	1444	1083							
1-1/4 - 12 (1.125)	96,600	2012	1509							
1-3/8 - 12 (1.375)	118,350	2712	2034							
1-1/2 - 12 (1.500)	142,275	3557	2668							
	SAE GRADE 8 - 0	COARSE THREAD								
SIZE	CLAMP LOAD	PLAIN (ft. lbs.)	PLATED (ft. lbs.)							
1/4 - 20 (.250)	2,850	12	9							
5/16 - 18 (.3125)	4,725	25	18							
3/8 - 16 (.375)	6,975	44	33							
7/16 - 14 (.4375)	9,600	70	52							
1/2 - 13 (.500)	12,750	106	80							
9/16 - 12 (.5625)	16,350	153	115							
5/8 - 11 (625)	20,325	212	159							
3/4 - 10 (.750)	30,075	376	282							
7/8 - 9 (.875)	41,550	606	454							
1 - 8 (1.000)	54,525	909	682							
1-1/8 - 7 (1.125)	68,700	1288	966							
1-1/4 - 7 (1.125)	87,225	1817	1363							
1-3/8 - 6 (1.375)	103,950	2382	1787							
1-1/2 - 6 (1.500)	126,450	3161	2371							



DETERMINING PIPE CRUSHING LOADS

The maximum pipe weight which can be lifted safely with the FMS, equals the critical hook load of the pipe MINUS the applied power down force. The effective slip-pipe contact reduction factor for different configurations can be found in the chart following the calculations. The chart represents a theoretical calculation. Friction, wear, and pipe type may alter performance.

	I	Pipe Cru	ısh for vari	ious grades** (tons)		
Casing Size	Casing Weight (Ib./ft)	55	80	110	125	
2.375"	4.7	16	30	46	55	
	7.8	36	60	88	100*	
2 7/8"	10.5	55	86	100*	100*	
	11.5	62	97	100*	100*	
	9.2	42	67	98	100*	
3 1/2"	15.5	84	100*	100*	100*	
	17	93	100*	100*	100*	
	9.5	42	67	98	114	
4"	13.2	65	102	146	168	
	18.9	101	154	218	240*	
	11.6	53	84	122	140	
4 1/2"	13.5	63	99	142	164	
	15.1	75	116	166	190	
	15	72	111	158	182	
F "	18	89	137	194	223	
5	21.4	109	166	233	240*	
	9.5 42 67 98 13.2 65 102 146 18.9 101 154 218 11.6 53 84 122 13.5 63 99 142 15.1 75 116 166 15 72 111 158 18 89 137 194 21.4 109 166 233 23.2 120 181 240* 15.5 71 111 158 17 80 123 175 20 97 148 209	240*				
	15.5	71	111	158	182	
	17	80	123	175	201	
F 1/2"	20	97	148	209	239	
5 1/2	23	112	170	240	240*	
	26	129	195	240*	240*	
	26.8	136	204	240*	240*	
	20	92	141	200	229	
6"	23	110	166	234	240***/269	
	26	126	190	240***/267	240***/306	
	24	109	165	233	267	
6 5/8"	28	130	196	276	316	
	32	149	224	313	350*	



	23	101	154	217	249
	26	117	177	249	285
7"	29	132	200	280	320
	32	148	222	311	350*
	35	163	243	340	350*
	26.4	111	169	238	272
ד ב /סיי	29.7	128	194	272	311
/ 5/8	33.7	148	223	312	350*
	42.8	195	290	350*	350*
	24	95	145	205	235
8 5/8"	36	149	223	313	350*
	40	168	251	350*	350*
	36	138	208	292	334
	47	188	281	350*	350*
9 5/8"	53.5	218	324	350*	350*
	59.4	243	350*	350*	350*
	58.4	238	350*	350*	350*
9 7/8"	62.8	253	350*	350*	350*
	60.7	231	343	350*	350*
10.2/4"	55.5	209	312	350*	350*
10 5/4	65.7	252	350*	350*	
8 5/8" 9 5/8" 9 7/8" 10 3/4" 11 3/4" 13 3/8"	108.7	350*	350*	350*	350*
11 2///"	47	164	245	343	350*
11 J/4	71	258	350*	350*	350*
	54.5	176	263	350*	350*
13 3/8"	72	241	350*	350*	350*
	85	286	350*	350*	350*
13 5/8"	88.2	296	350*	350*	350*

The values above account for 2000 psi set pressure applied to the cylinders. The following is the increase in the rating for various set pressures. Please note that the rating of the tool/carriers is not to be exceeded.

Pressure (psi)	String Weight (tons)
1500	4
1000	8
500	11

*The theoretical load is greater than the tool's capacity.

******No factor of safety is taken into account for pipe crush value.

***For 6" OD, max values shown are for utilizing carrier part number 1007270.

Please note that when carrier part number 1008198 is in use, the maximum load is 240 tons and not to be exceeded.



	SPK-350-275-C SPARE PARTS KIT									
ITEM	QTY.	P/N	DESCRIPTION							
1	6	1001	FITTING, GREASE, STRAIGHT, 1/8 NPT							
2	2	1002	FITTING, GREASE, 1/8 MNPT, 90 DEGREE							
3	1	1006005	SPRING HOUSING, LATCH							
4	2	1006010	PIN, HEX, LIFT LINK							
5	2	1006177	WIPER SEAL, 3.00 OD x 2.50 ID x 0.312 CS, 4700J02500							
6	2	1006181	GUIDE, ROD, 2.75 OD, 2.5 ID, 2 CS, NYLON, W2027502000							
7	1	1006189	BAR, LINKAGE							
8	4	1007601	FITTING, QUICK DISCONNECT ISO 16028 MALE, 5/8 X 3/4 FORB, STUCCHI 801304011							
9	4	1007602	FITTING, QUICK DISCONNECT ISO 16028 FEMALE, 5/8 X 3/4 FORB, STUCCHI 801304012							
10	2	25002500-375	SEAL, ROD, 3 OD, 2.5 ID, .375CS, 4300BD25002500N375							
11	2	700073	SEAL, PISTON, 4 OD, 3.63 ID, .281 CS, 4300PSP342A							
12	2	700074	GUIDE, PISTON, 4 OD, 3.75 ID, .5 CS, 4733WPT125-04000-0500							
13	2	700069	O-RING, 4.012" OD x 3.734" ID x 0.139" CS (Replaces Part #224000)							
14	4	700056	FITTING, TRIPLE-LOK, FLARE JIC, 12 WF5OX-S							
15	1	1006424	SOCKET, 12 POINT, 2 1/2" SIZE, 1" SQUARE DRIVE							

SPARE PARTS LIST (Stocking Quantity for 1 Year)



ACCESSORY AVAILABILITY & INSTALLATION

CARRIER & GUIDE PLATE AVAILABILITY & INSTALLATION

The following table lists the standard stocked sizes for carrier assemblies available with this FMS model. Each assembly comprises four carriers tailored to suit the appropriate gripping range. However, the dies required for different pipe sizes are not included in the assemblies and must be purchased separately. Refer to the below chart that lists dies for various casing sizes. Note that the pass- through diameter allowed must be less than the guide plate ID.

NOTICE

MCCOY GLOBAL'S CARRIER ASSEMBLIES AND RECOMMENDED DIES ARE DESIGNED TO GRIP DESIGNATED SIZES WITHIN THE API MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM TOLERANCES ONLY.



FMS ACCESSORIES, KIT PART NUMBER

	FMS Accessories k	(it Part I	Number	1006423	*Torque	values are d	etermined k	by slip upon the i	pipe and	not the limi	tations o	f the tool.
	Standard EMS Hose Kit KITHOSE- FMS-15					1/2" casing s	ize (2) guide	plate opening o	ptions a	re available	for this to	ool.
Insert Part Numbers					_							
Casing Size	Part Number	QTY	Part Number	es QTY	Torque Rating (ft-lbs.) *	Tension Rating (tons)	Carrier Assembly Number	Weight of Total Tool- Guide plates, carriers, dies (lbs.)	Guide Plate ID**	Guide Plate Set Part Number	Degrees of Pipe Contact	% of Pipe Coverage
13 5/8	JJ-1400-1400-G	48	13-0468-314-0	16	50,000	350	1000415	3050	16.00	1007375	129.3	35.9%
13 3/8	JJ-1400-1312-G	48	13-0591-314-0	16	50,000	350	1006415	3050	15.88	1007374	131.7	36.6%
11 3/4	JJ-1112-1112-G	48	13-0468-314-0	16	50,000	350	1006416	3200	14.50	1007373	150.0	41.7%
10 3/4	JJ-1112-1012-G	48	13-0968-314-0	16	50,000	350	1006416	3250	13.50	1007372	164.0	45.5%
9 5/8	JJ-0910-0910-G	48	13-0468-314-0	16	50,000	350	1000417	3350	12.38	1007371	183.2	50.9%
8 5/8	JJ-0910-0810-G	48	13-0968-314-0	16	50,000	350	1006417	3400	11.38	1007370	204.5	56.8%
8 5/8	JJ-0810-0810-G	48	13-0468-314-0	16	50,000	350	1007755	3500	11.38	1007370	204.5	56.8%
7 5/8	JJ-0810-0710-G	48	13-0968-314-0	16	50,000	350	1007755	3550	10.25	7007369	231.5	64.3%
7 5/8	JJ-0710-0710-G	36	13-0468-314-0	12	50,000	350		3550	10.25	1007369	173.6	48.2%
7	JJ-0710-0700-G	36	13-0780-314-0	12	38,182	350	1006418	3550	9.63	1007368	189.2	52.6%
6 5/8	JJ-0710-0610-G	36	13-0968-314-0	12	36,136	350		3550	9.50	1007367	200.0	55.5%
7	JJ-0700-0700-G	36	13-0468-314-0	12	38,182	350	1007272	3650	9.63	1007368	189.2	52.6%
6	JJ-0700-0600-G	36	13-0968-314-0	12	32,727	350	1007272	3650	8.50	1007365	221.0	61.4%
/-								3650	8.50	1007364	160.8	
5 1/2	JJ-0508-0508-G	24	13-0468-314-0	8	30,000	240		3700	8.60	1007462	177.1	44.7%
5	JJ-0508-0500-G	24	13-0719-314-0	8	27,273	240	1006419	3700	7.75	1007363	197.1	49.2%
4 1/2	JJ-0508-0408-G	24	13-0968-314-0	8	22,314	240		3700	7.25	1007362	127.4	54.7%
3 1/2	JJ-0308-0308-G	12	13-0468-314-0	4	14,200	100	1006420	3700	6.13	1007361	127.4	35.4%
2 7/8	JJ-0308-0300-G	12	13-0719-314-0	4	7,423	100		3700	5.63	1007360	156.1	43.3%
2 3/8	JJ-0308-0208-G	12	13-0968-214-0	4	3,205	100		3700	5.25	1007359	190.7	53.0%



Stroke

Remaining

Range (in)

3.081 -1.021

3.113 - 1.1

2.998 -2.732

2.998 -2.732

2.911 -

1.126

3.105 -1.375

2.966 -1.199

2.366 - .453

GUIDANCE FOR MIXED STRING APPLICATIONS*

Casing Size	In: Handling Die	Insert Carrier Info				Guide Plate Info				Pipe Contact		Stroke Remaining Range (in)				
	Part Number	QTY.	Part Number	QTY.	Carrier Number	Torque Rating (ft-lbs.) *	Tension Rating (tons)	Carrier Assembly Number	Mid load plate number	Guide Plate ID**	Guide Plate Weight (Ibs.)	Guide Plate Set Part number**	Guide Plate part number	Degrees of Pipe Contact	% of Pipe Coverage	intige (iii)
6		24	12 0501 214 0	0	1009106	30,000	240	1000100	1008198 1008199	9.13	74.80	1007365	1007273	147.3	40.9%	2 50 1 007
5 1/2	33-0000-0312-0	24	13-0391-314-0	0	1008190	30,000	240	1008198		8.50	79.70	1007364	1006217	160.8	44.7%	3.39-1.097
F 1/2										8.50	79.70	1007364	1006217	160.8	44 70/	
51/2	JJ-0508-0504-G	24	13-0591-314-0	8		30,000	240			8.60	87.20	1007462	1007424	160.8	44.7%	
5					1006042			1006419	1006258	7.75	85.10	1007362	1006215	177.1	49.2%	3.554531
5		24	12 00 11 21 1 0	0		22214	240			7.75	85.10	1007363	1006216	177.1	49.2%	
4 1/2	JJ-0508-0412-G	24	13-0844-314-0	ð		22314	240			7.25	88.40	1007362	1006215	197.1	54.7%	

* ½" ranges can be used within the existing parameters of the carriers by going a ¼" above and below the designed nominal pipe size. For example, dies used for 6 - 5-1/2 range have a contour for 5-3/4" pipe.

** Correctly sized guide plates are required for the casing being ran in mixed string applications per the OD of the pipe.


FMS AIR OVER HYDRAULIC CONSOLE 1007792

General arrangement drawing for the Air Over Hydraulic Console that can be used to control the FMS.





FMS HYDRAULIC CONSOLE 1007798

General arrangement drawing for the Hydraulic Console that can be used to control the FMS and a power tong.





KIT, ACCESSORIES, FMS P/N 1006423



FMS-350-275-C Flush Mounted Spider

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ASSEMBLY, BASE STAND P/N 1008038





ASSEMBLY, ROTARY BUSHING ADAPTER, 27 ½ X 37 ½ P/N 1007514





FMS ADAPTER P/N 1007514

An Adapter, with two different configurations, is available to allow the FMS to be used inside of a $37 \frac{1}{2}$ " Rotary Table (See illustration below).





Note that this FMS is designed to fit inside of a rotary table opening of 27 ½" and complies with API 7K standards. The necessary dimensions for the rotary table are detailed below. If you use a bushing to accommodate the FMS in a larger rotary, ensure that the selected bushing can handle/react to torque and aligns with the below dimensions.





FMS CONTROL LINE GUIDE KIT P/N 1007859



SALES LAYOUT DRAWING



Hazard Assessment & Analysis

Step No.	Description of Job Steps	Potential Hazards	Required Protective Controls		Consequence	Risk Rank
1	Inspect equipment being used.	Equipment failure Manual handling, Pinch points	Inspect equipment prior to use. Ensure equipment has relevant Documentation and SWL has been checked. Good Body positioning. Correct PPE at all times	2	2	4
2	Lift FMS to Rig Floor.	Heavy overhead lift, Uncontrolled Load, Dropped objects, Pinch points Trapped against or in between	Ensure all parties fully understand Toolbox Talk and instructions for lifting FMS. Ensure all securing devices in good condition and utilized. Correct Tools and Slings for Job using a communicated lift Plan, LOLER regulations. Competent Banksman and Deck Crew. Tag Lines and Stiffy Hand Tools when available. PA announcement and/or barriers as required to inform others not involved with Operation.	2	4	8
3	Positioning of FMS to Rotary Table.	Heavy overhead lift, Uncontrolled Load, dropped objects, pinch points Trapped against or in between.	Ensure all securing devices in good condition and utilized. Correct Tools and Slings for Job using a communicated lift Plan, LOLER regulations. Competent Air Hoist Operator/s Competent person on TDS Brake. Tag Lines and Stiffy Hand Tools as required. Controlled slow movement of FMS Good Communication, Signals, and awareness by all Parties	2	4	8
4	Rig up Adapter Plate/ FMS.	Manual handling. Stored energy. Pinch points. Dropped object. Trapped against or in between.	Use correct manual handling and lifting techniques. Correct hand tools for job Wear fall protection if working at height Awareness of surroundings (ABBI) Above, Below, Behind and Inside. Witness proper torque applied by driller on tool. Verify proper torque application.	2	4	8
5	Rig Down FMS.	Manual handling. Stored energy. Trip hazard. Possible working at heights. Pinch points. Dropped object. Trapped against or in between.	Use correct manual handling and lifting techniques. Correct hand tools for job Wear fall protection if working at height Awareness of surroundings (ABBI) Above, Below, Behind and Inside.		4	8
6	Remove FMS from Drill floor.	Heavy overhead lift, Uncontrolled Load, dropped objects, pinch points Trapped against or in between.	Ensure all securing devices in good condition and utilized. Correct Tools and Slings for Job using a communicated lift Plan, LOLER regulations. Competent Banksman and Deck Crew Tag Lines and Stiffy Hand Tools when available. PA announcement and/or barriers as required to inform others not involved with Operation. Ensure all Lifting devices are in good condition and secure prior to moving the CRT	2	4	8

Frequency	Consequence						
	Insignificant 1	Minor 2	Moderate 3	Major 4	Critical 5		

Almost Certain 5	5	10	15	20	25
Likely 4	4	8	12	16	20
Possible 3	3	6	9	12	15
Unlikely 2	2	4	6	8	10
Rarely 1	1	2	3	4	5

Frequency X Consequence = Risk Ranking FREQUENCY

Almost certain (Score 5)	Constant, daily, high repetition	Critical (Score 5)	Outcome of event is certain fatality or catastrophic incident	
Likely (Score 4)	Expected to happen at some time, task performed on a weekly basis	Major (Score 4)	Incident would result in a lost time incident or serious damage	
Possible (Score 3)	Can be expected to occur occasionally	Moderate (Score 3)	Incident would result in a recordable injury or moderate damage	
Unlikely (Score 2)	Not likely to occur in normal circumstances	Minor (Score 2)	Incident would result in a minor first aid injury or light damage	
Rare (Score 1)	Could possibly happen, but probably never will	Insignificant	Non-first aid required injury, near miss or no damage resulting	

